



RESEARCH
UNIVERSITY
EXCELLENCE INITIATIVE
Ministry of Science
and Higher Education



Silesian
University
of Technology



Electrochemistry
Group

*HYBRID BIODEGRADABLE COATING FOR ONE-WIRE PERIPHERAL NITINOL
STENT FOR PREVENTION OF RESTENOSIS AND PLAQUE FORMATION*

HYBBISTENT

Wojciech Simka

Project meeting / workshop

Institute of Atomic Physics and Spectroscopy, University of Latvia

CONSORTIUM

COORDINATOR: Fraunhofer Institute for Ceramic Technologies and Systems IKTS (Germany)

PARTNERS: MAT PlasMATec (Germany)
University of Latvia (Latvia)
Silesian University of Technology - SUT (Poland) – [formly from 20.10.2023](#)



NiTi STENTS ANODIZATION

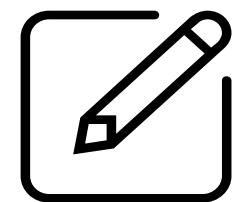
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES (form project description)

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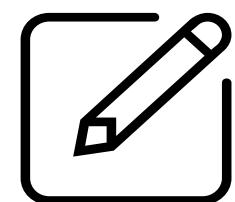
Deposition of the PEO inner coating – will be based on development of a PEO solution containing ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid (EDTA), calcium hydroxide ($\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$), potassium dihydrogen phosphate (KH_2PO_4) and calcium formate ($\text{Ca}(\text{HCOO})_2$). AS/DC electrical mode will be used for deposition process. Alternatively, anodic oxidation from spark discharge will be applied. The NPs will be added to electrolytes enabling later their integration into the layer structure. The concentrations of the NPs in the solvent and in the layer will be correlated. The temperature for the deposition process will be adjusted. The technology will enable also the integration of drugs for example used in drug-eluting stents and provides the potential of extended application. The composition of electrolyte bath during the PEO deposition processes will be adjusted to form chemical groups like COOH, CO, CN3, OH etc. helping to achieve a good adhesion of the PLGA layer to the PEO layer.



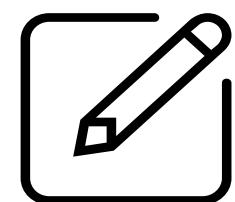
MILESTONES



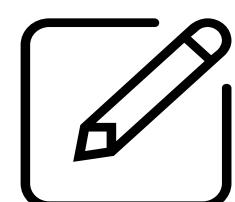
Development of the deposition modes for PEO treatment of the nitinol stents



Protocols for nanoparticle incorporation into PEO coating are developed.



Optimization of the PEO technology depending on results of the stent characterization.



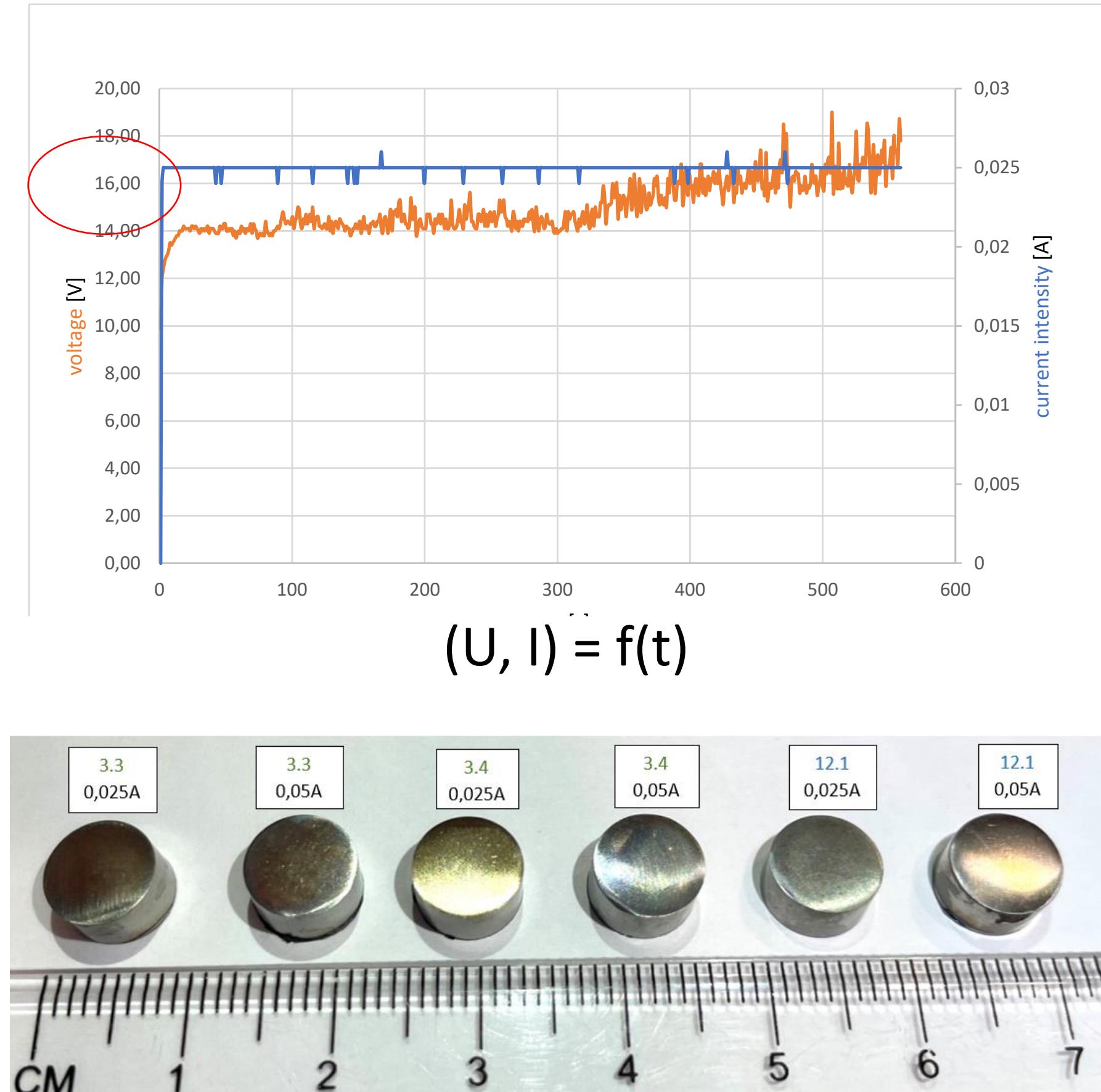
Manufacturing of the coated one-wire peripheral nitinol stents for further coating with PLGA and further characterization.



NiT ANODIZATION

Oxygen evolution reaction occur (on Ni), not formation of oxides !!!

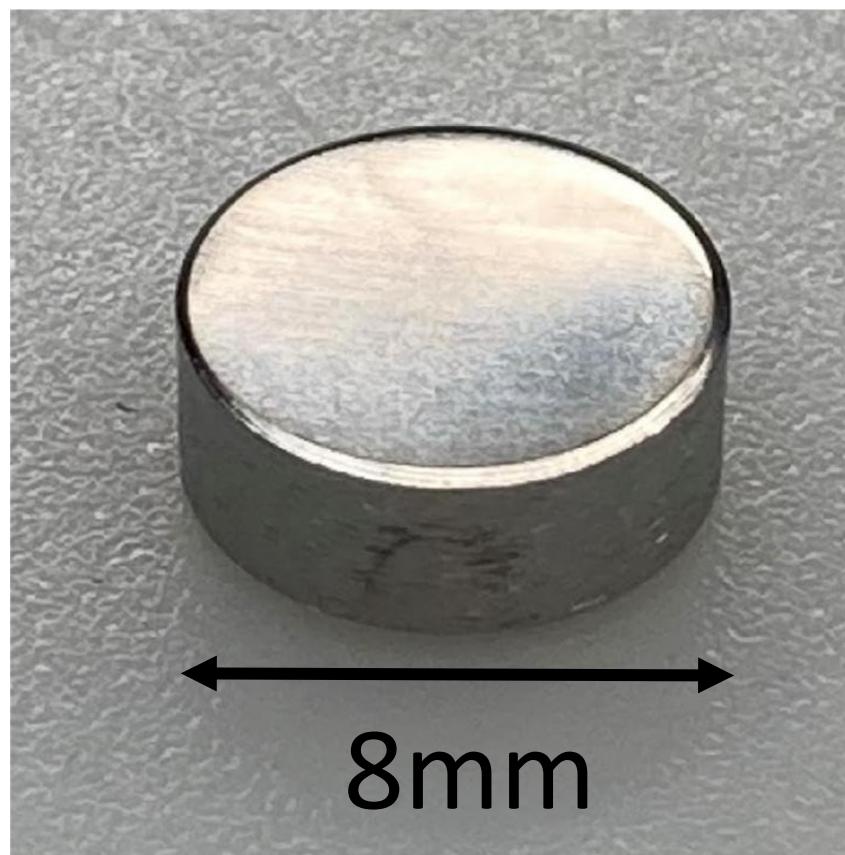
Compound	Description	Concentration, mol/dm ³	Current density (intensity)	Voltage, V	
Na_2SiO_3	AF 3.1	0.0003	50 mA/cm ² (0.025A)	Up to 500	
	AF 3.2	0.0015			
	AF 3.3	0.009	100 mA/ cm ² (0.05A)		
	AF 3.4	0.05			
NaH_2PO_4	AF 11.1	0.05	50 mA/cm ² (0.025A) 100 mA/ cm ² (0.05A)	Up to 500	
Na_2HPO_4	AF 11.2	0.05	50 mA/cm ² (0.025A) 100 mA/ cm ² (0.05A)	Up to 500	
Na_3PO_4	AF 11.2	0.05	50 mA/cm ² (0.025A) 100 mA/ cm ² (0.05A)	Up to 500	



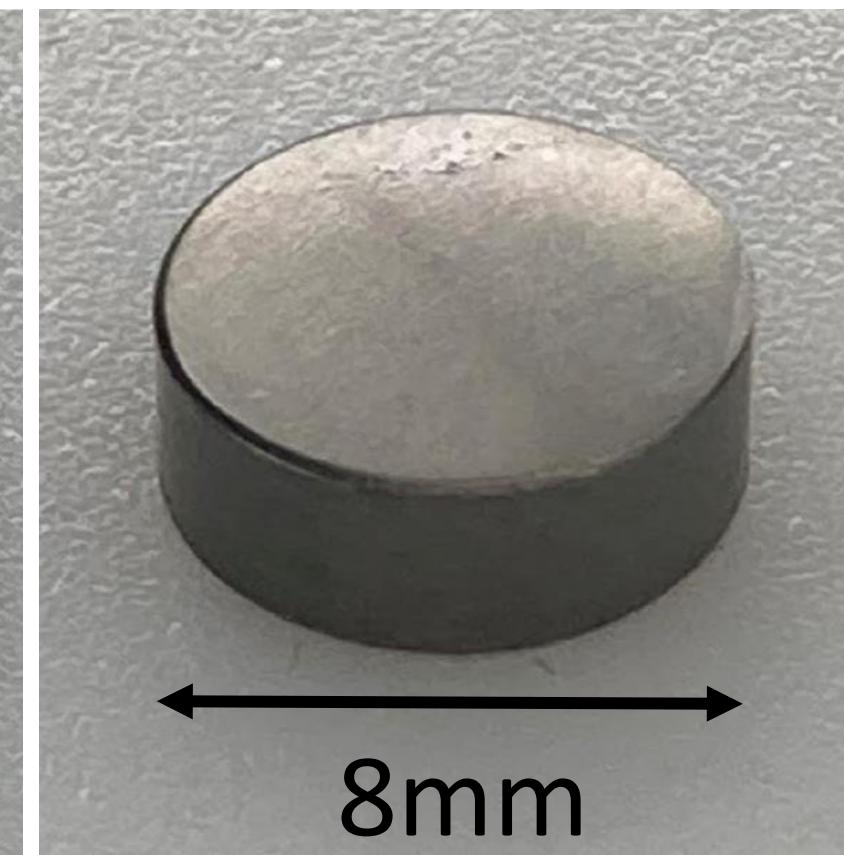
NiTi ANODIZATION

Solution	ND concentration, g/l	Current density (intensity), nA/ cm ²	Voltage, V
75% H ₃ PO ₄ (ethylene glycol)	5	400 (0.2A)	70, 80
75% H ₃ PO ₄ (ethylene glycol)	10	400 (0.2A)	80, 90, 100, 110, 120

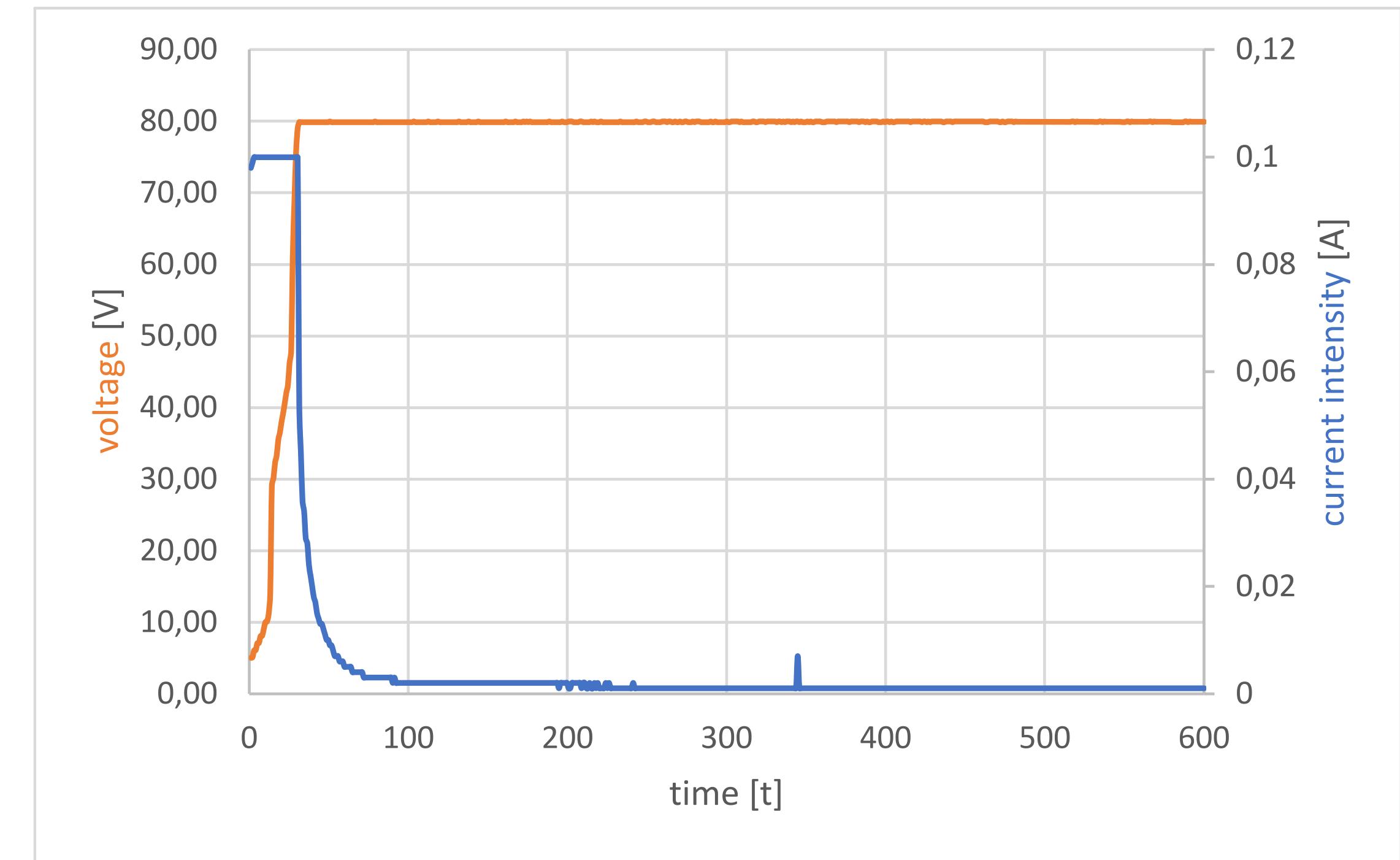
6



NiTi after grinding



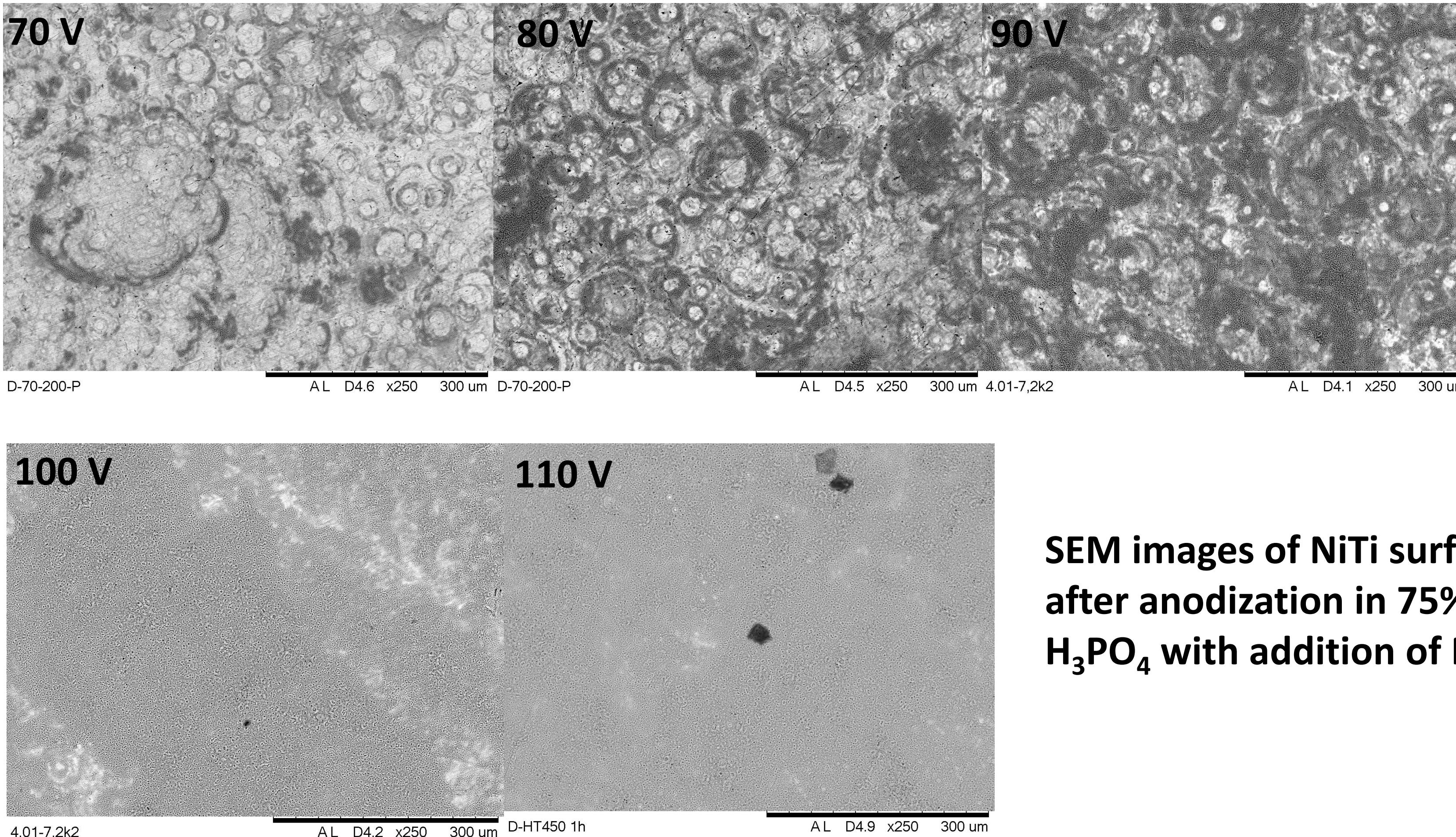
NiTi after PEO, 70 V



$$(U, I) = f(t)$$

NiTi ANODIZATION

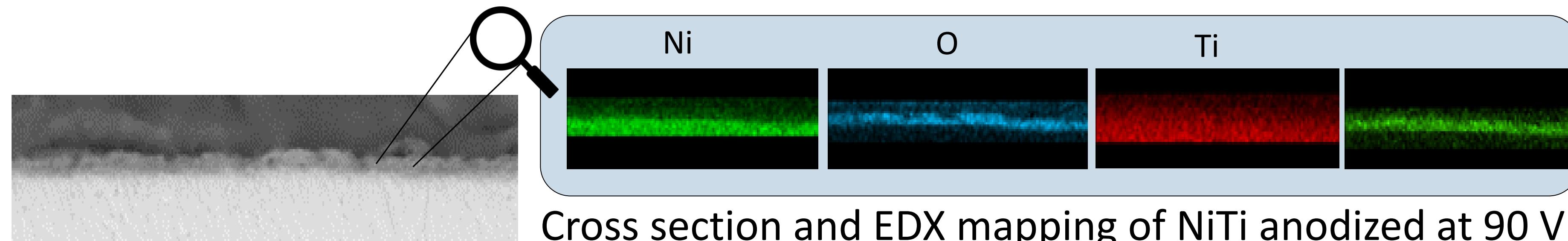
7



**SEM images of NiTi surface
after anodization in 75%
 H_3PO_4 with addition of ND**

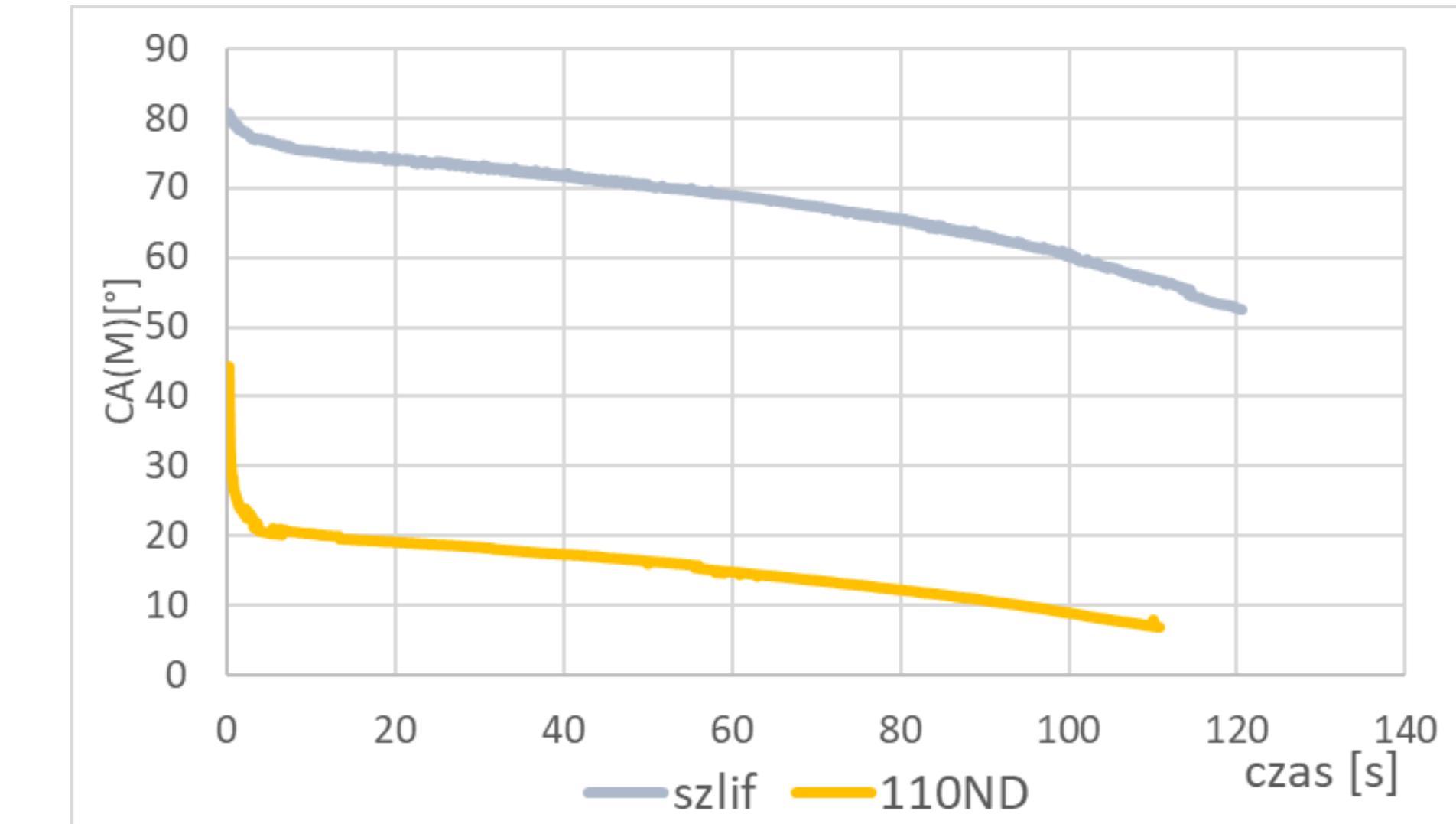
NiT Ti ANODIZATION

SUCCESS ☺



Cross section and EDX mapping of NiTi anodized at 90 V

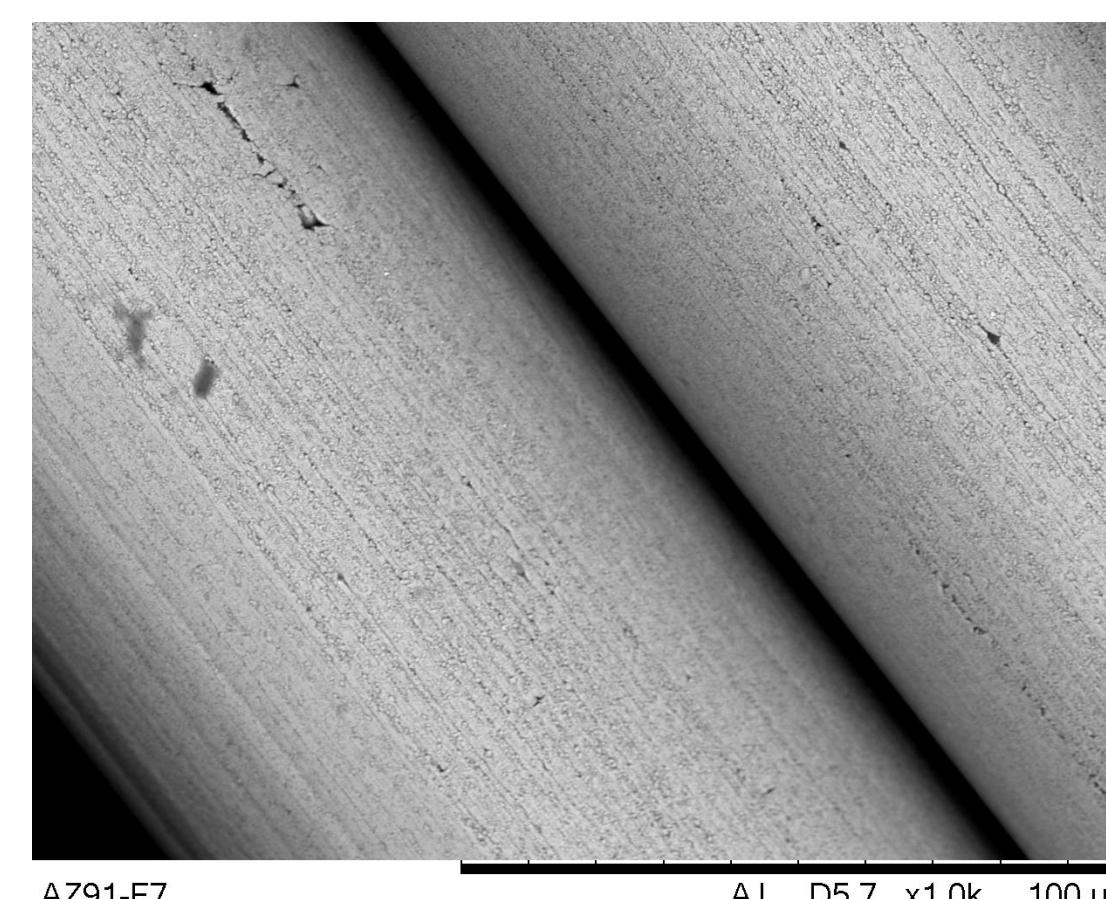
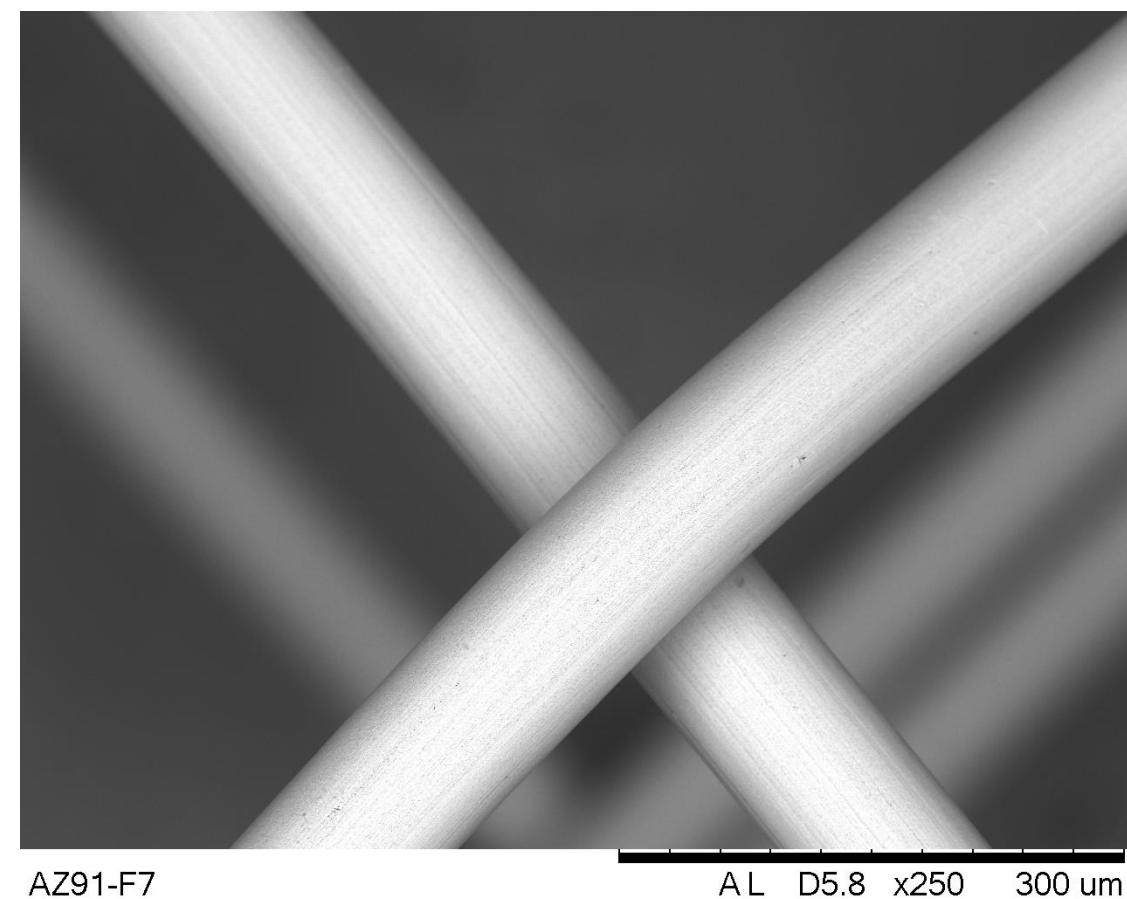
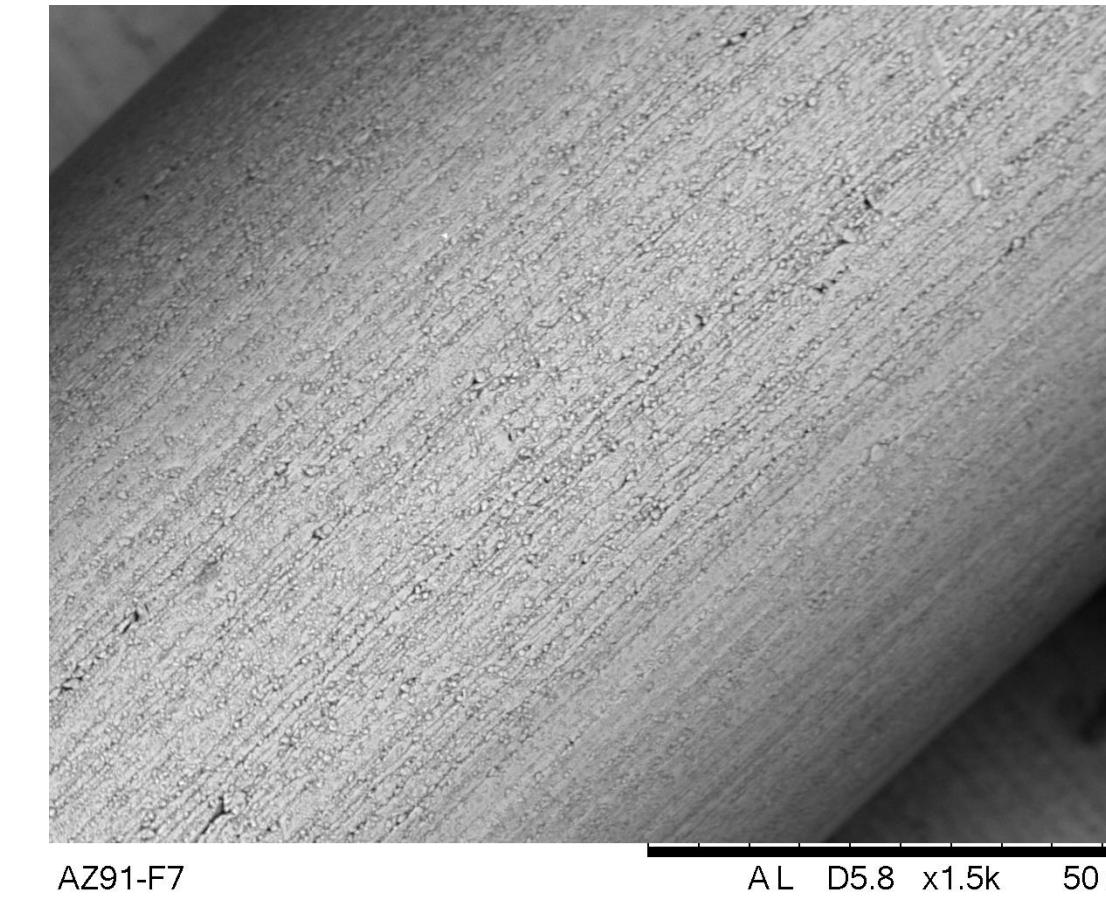
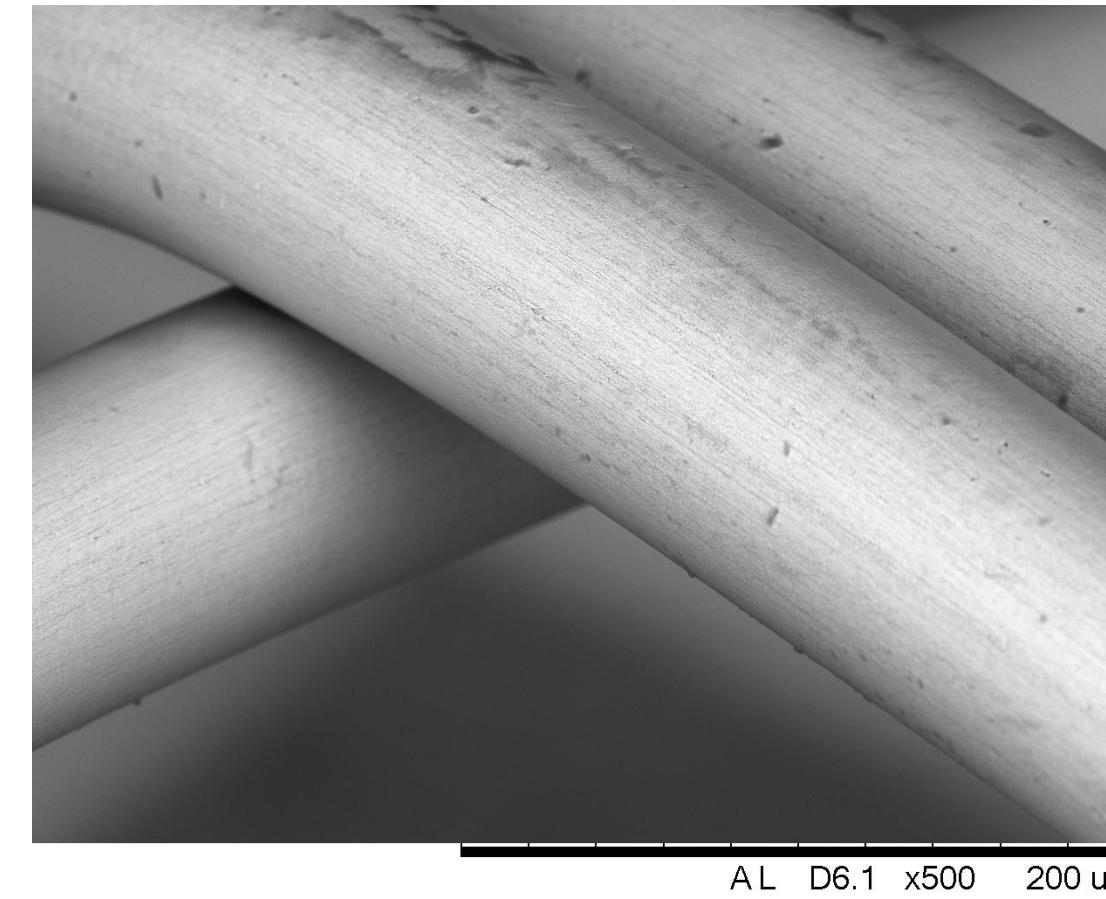
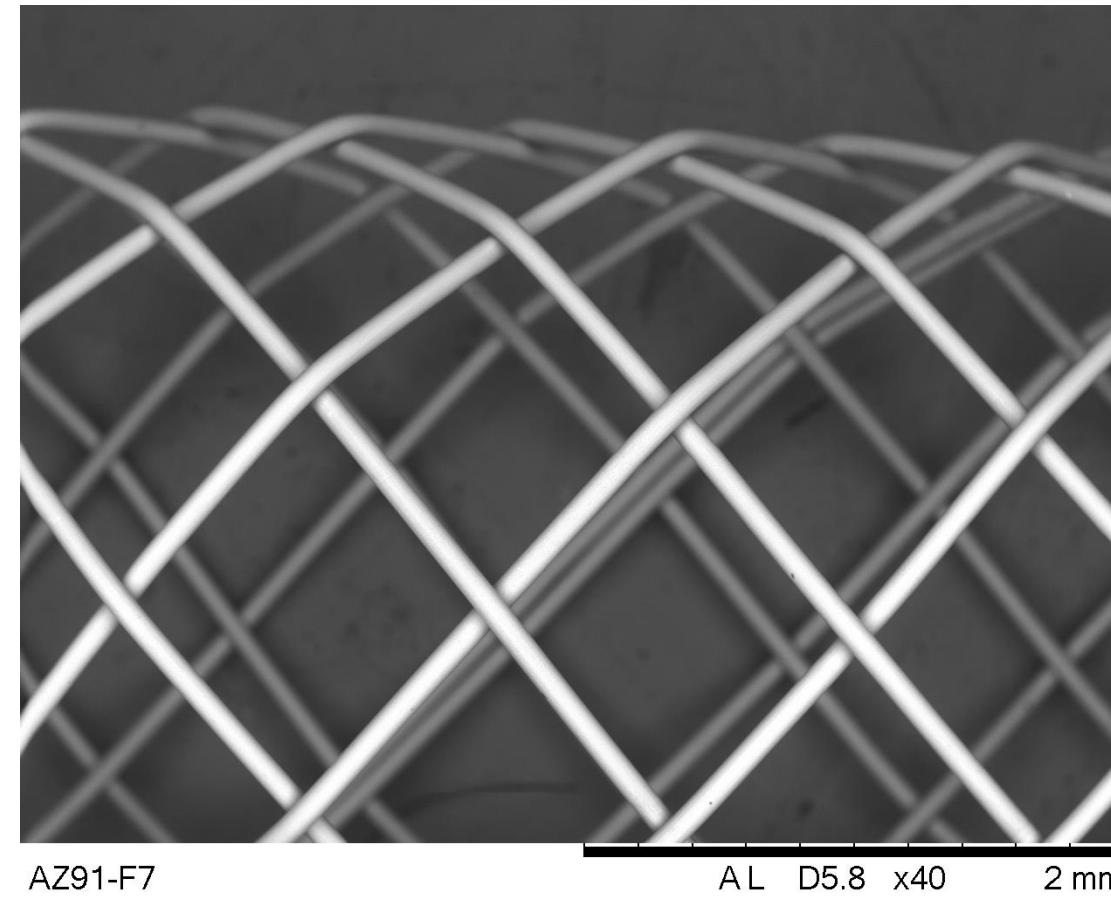
sample label	contact angle, °	image	roughness, µm		coating thickness, µm
			R _a	R _z	
grinded	80.83 (± 1.58)		0.21 (± 0.02)	1.52 (± 0.25)	-
90	45.56 (± 1.78)		0.30 (± 0.06)	1.93 (± 0.06)	13.8 (± 1.9)
100	45.02 (± 2.23)		0.31 (± 0.03)	2.40 (± 0.08)	16.6 (± 1.6)
110	45.41 (± 1.55)		0.50 (± 0.08)	3.99 (± 0.32)	17.8 (± 1.2)
90ND	37.87 (± 1.45)		0.24 (± 0.05)	1.75 (± 0.06)	17.4 (± 1.5)
100ND	39.87 (± 1.23)		0.33 (± 0.05)	2.07 (± 0.09)	19.2 (± 1.9)
110ND	38.25 (± 1.40)		0.34 (± 0.07)	2.40 (± 0.05)	20.3 (± 1.8)



Dynamic contact angle measurements

NiTi ANODIZATION

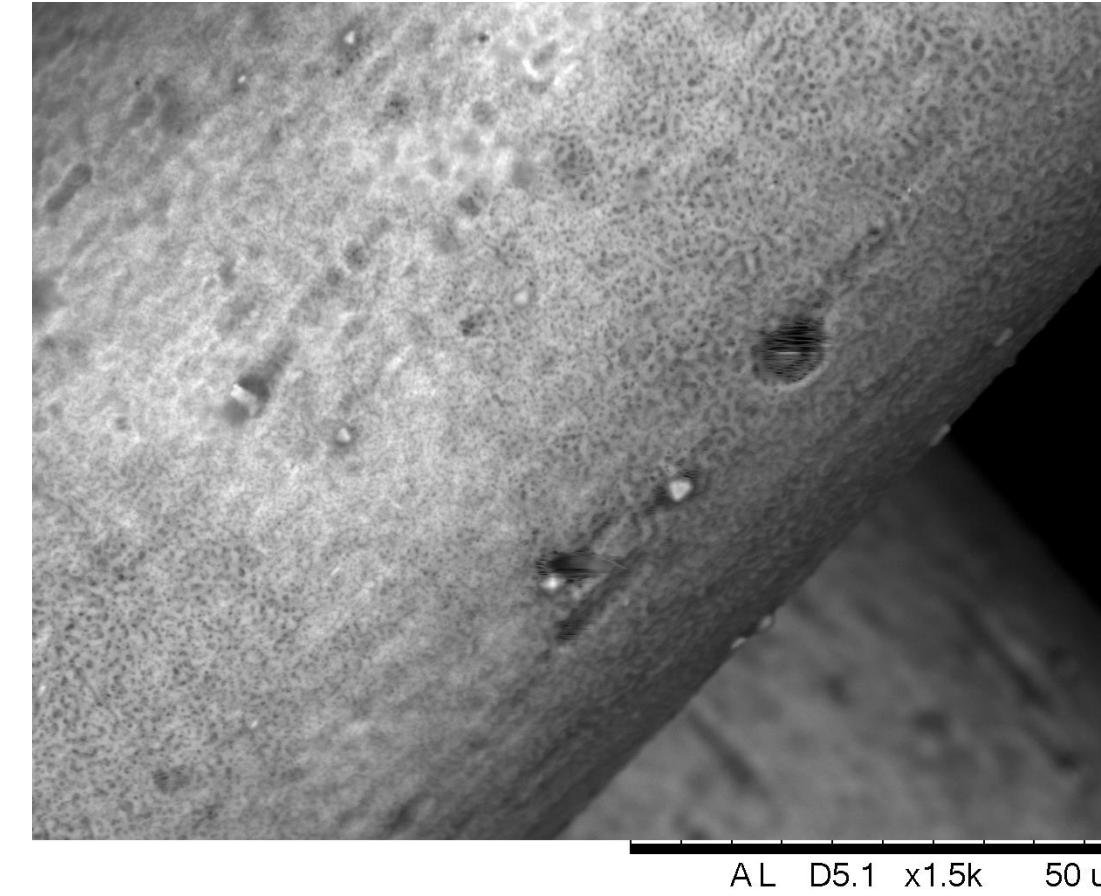
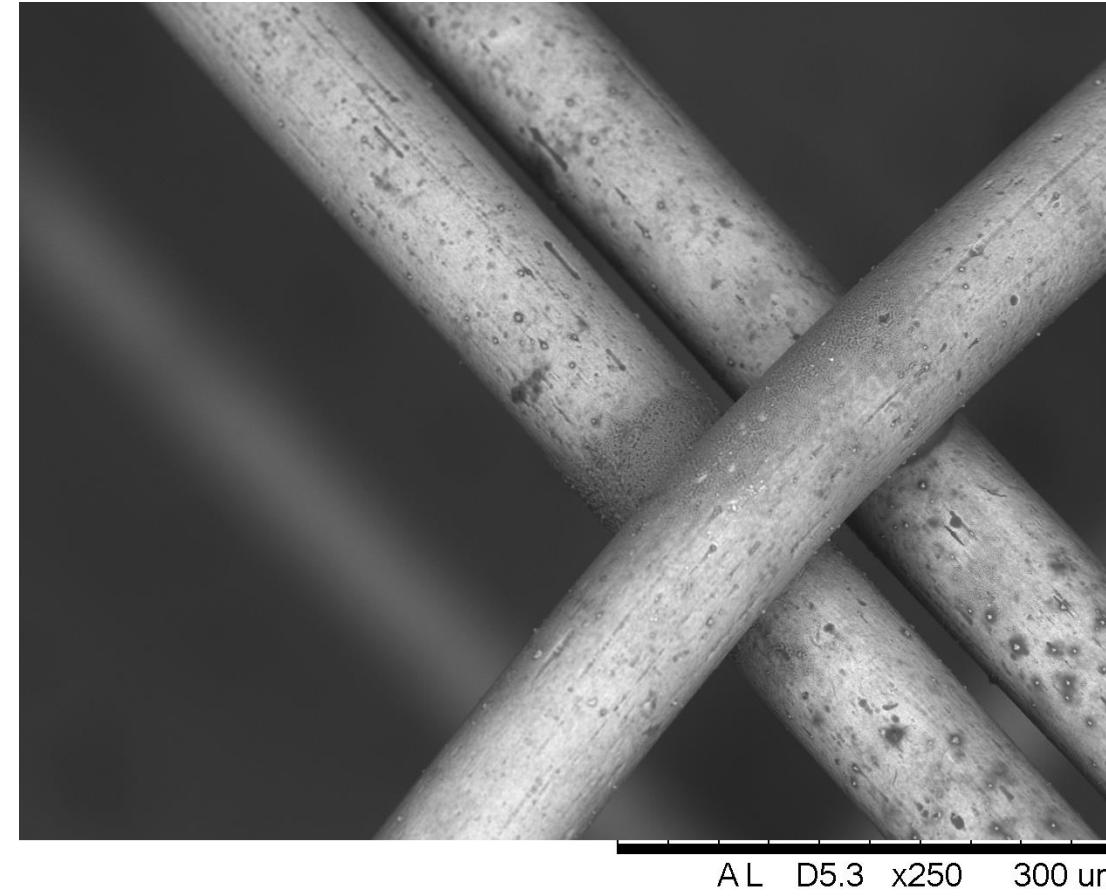
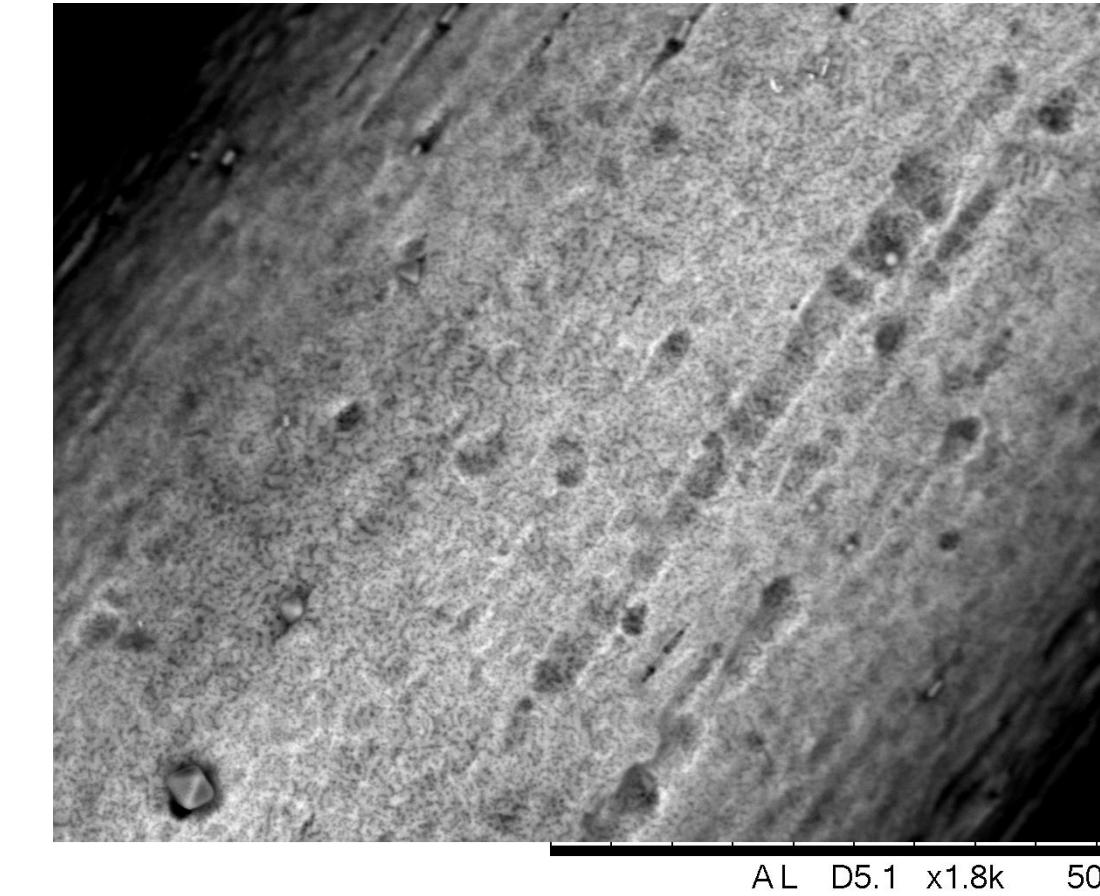
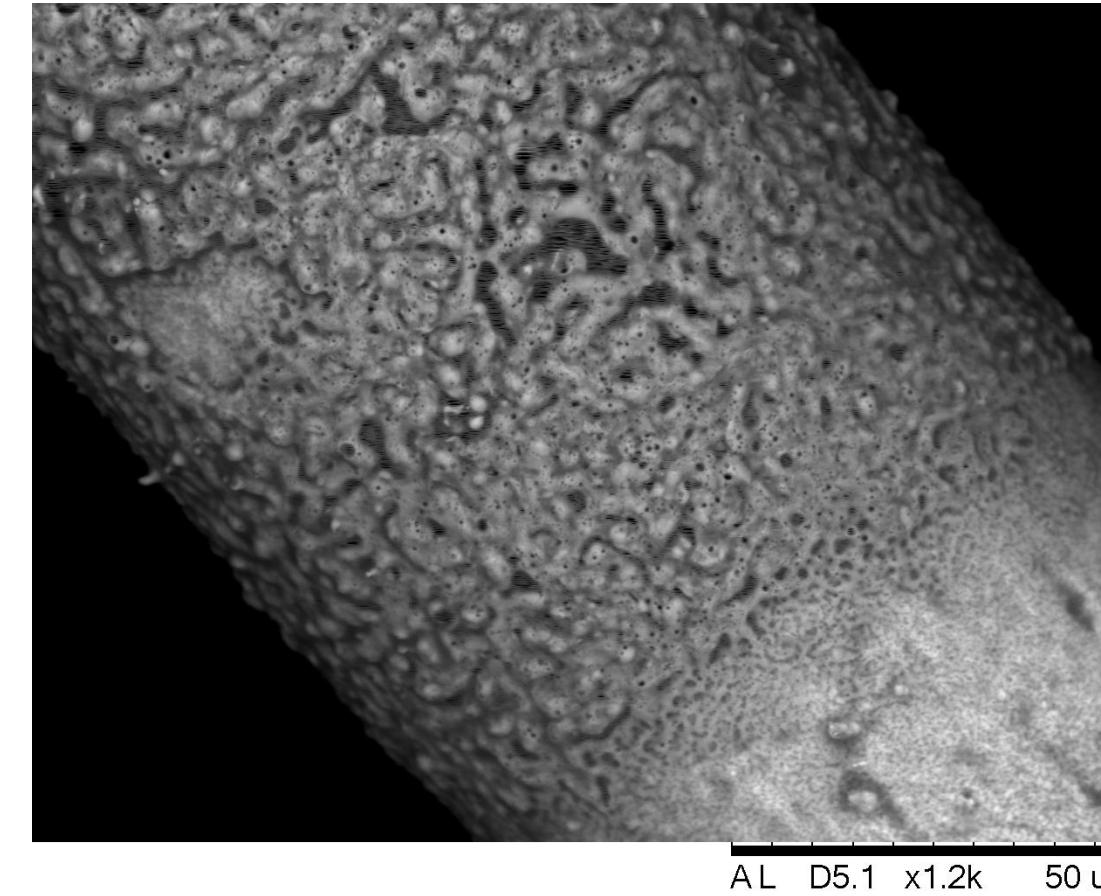
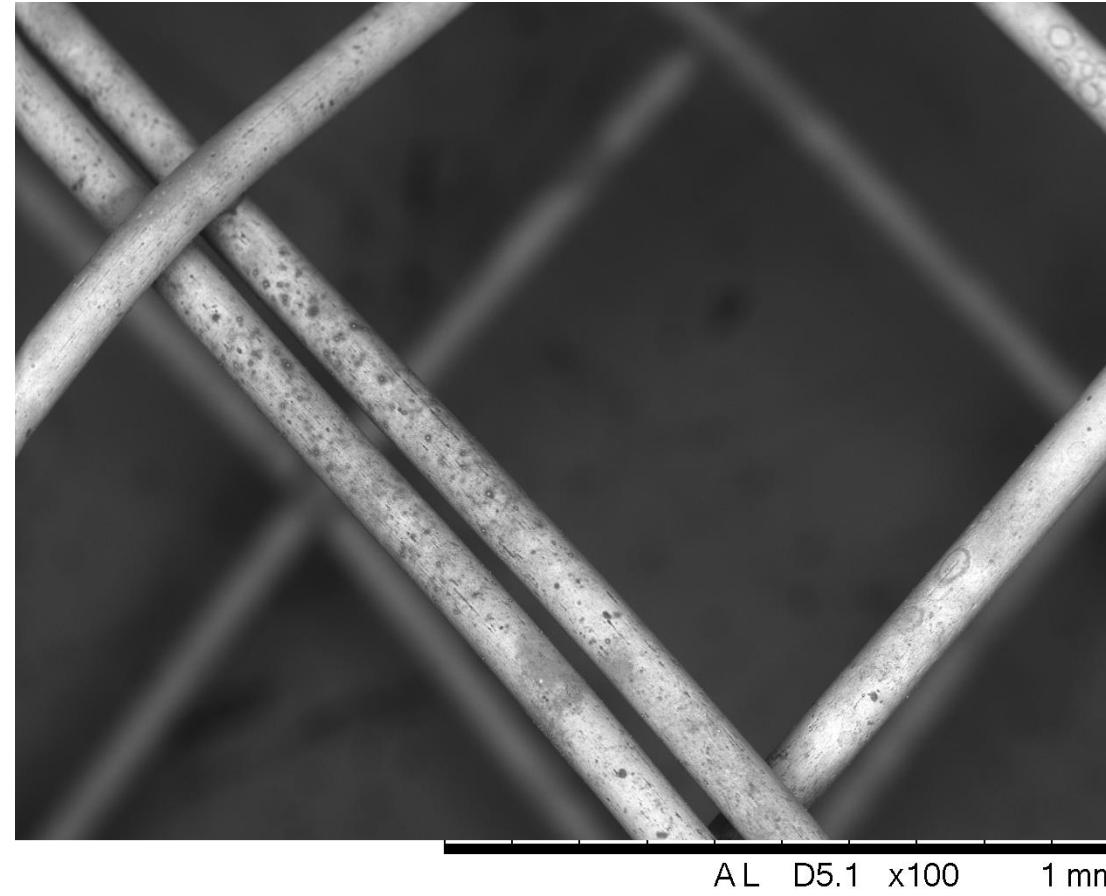
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SEM images of stent before PEO

NiTi ANODIZATION

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SEM images of stent after PEO

SUCCESS ???



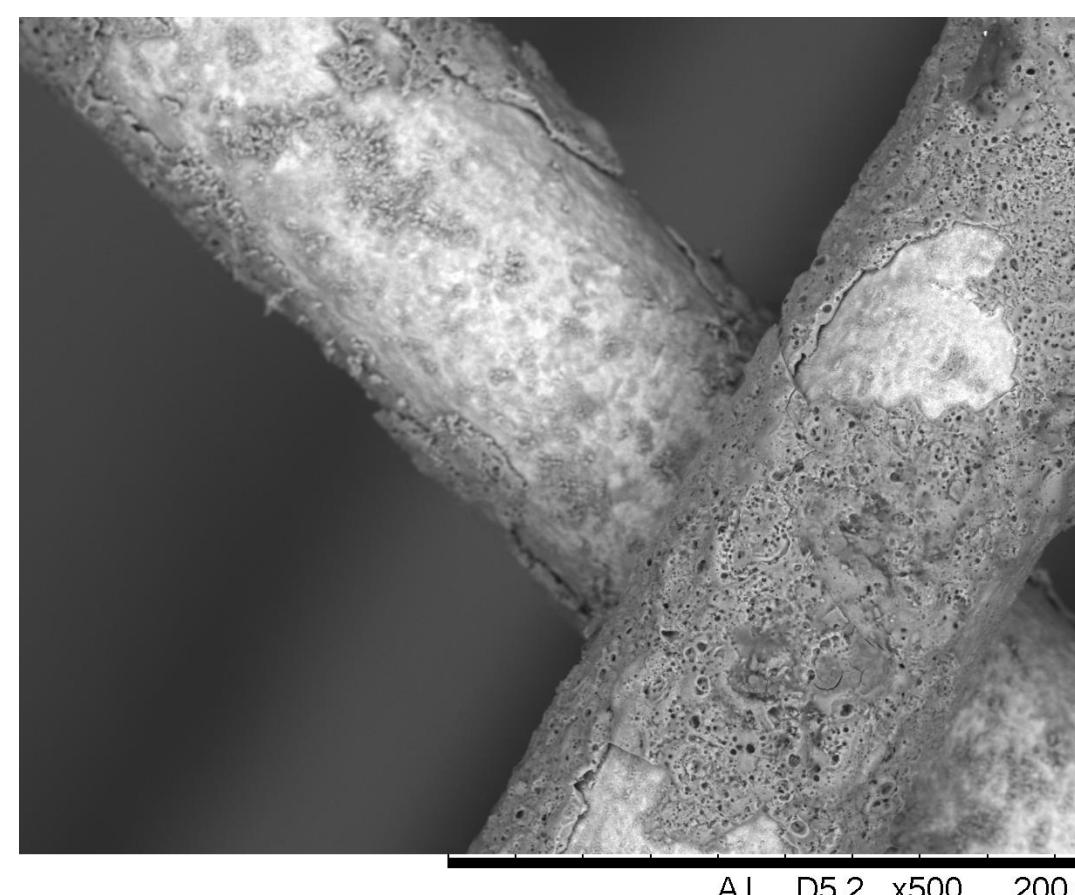
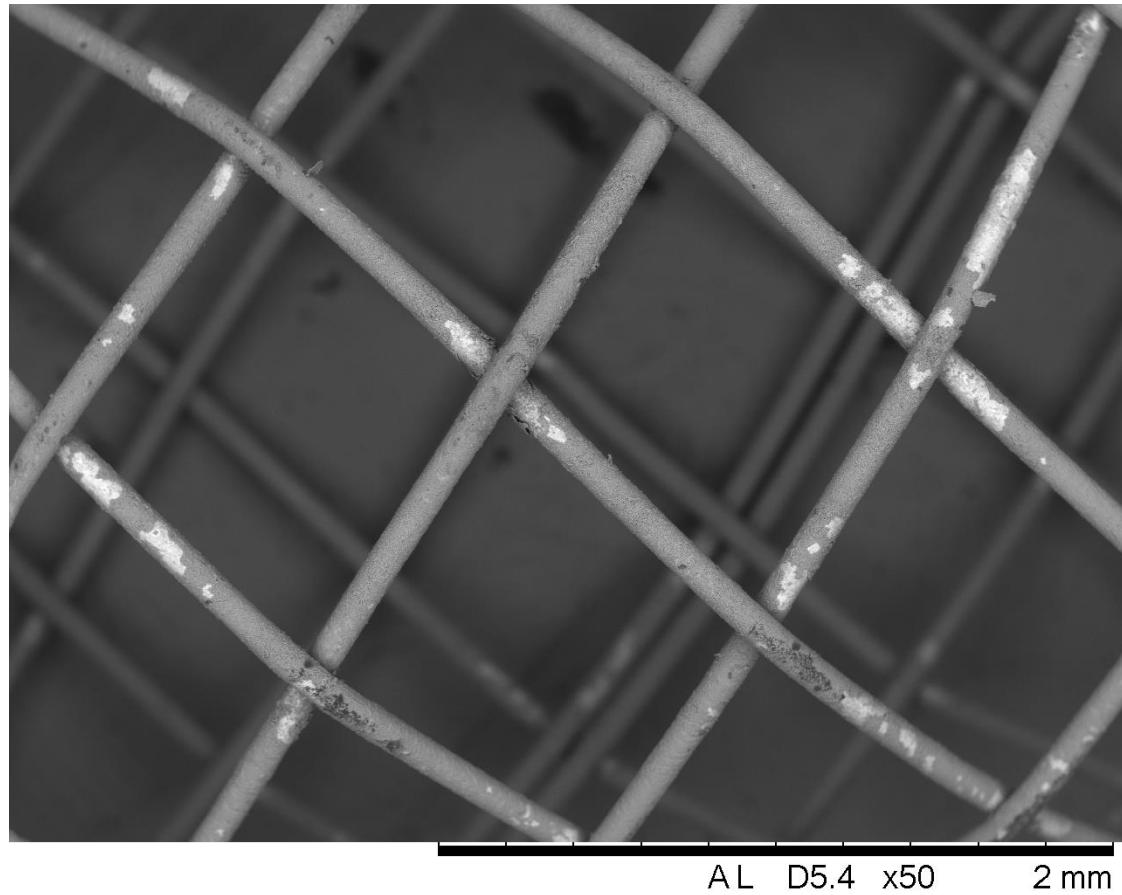
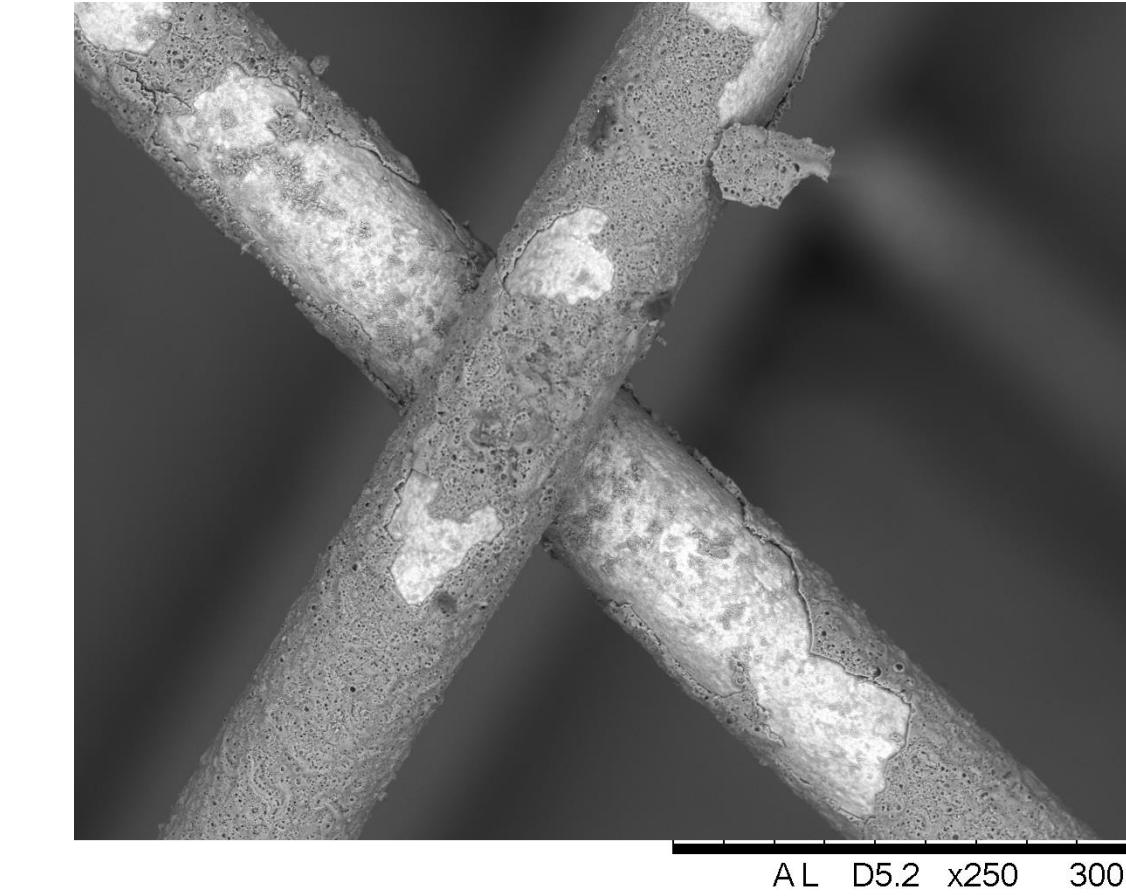
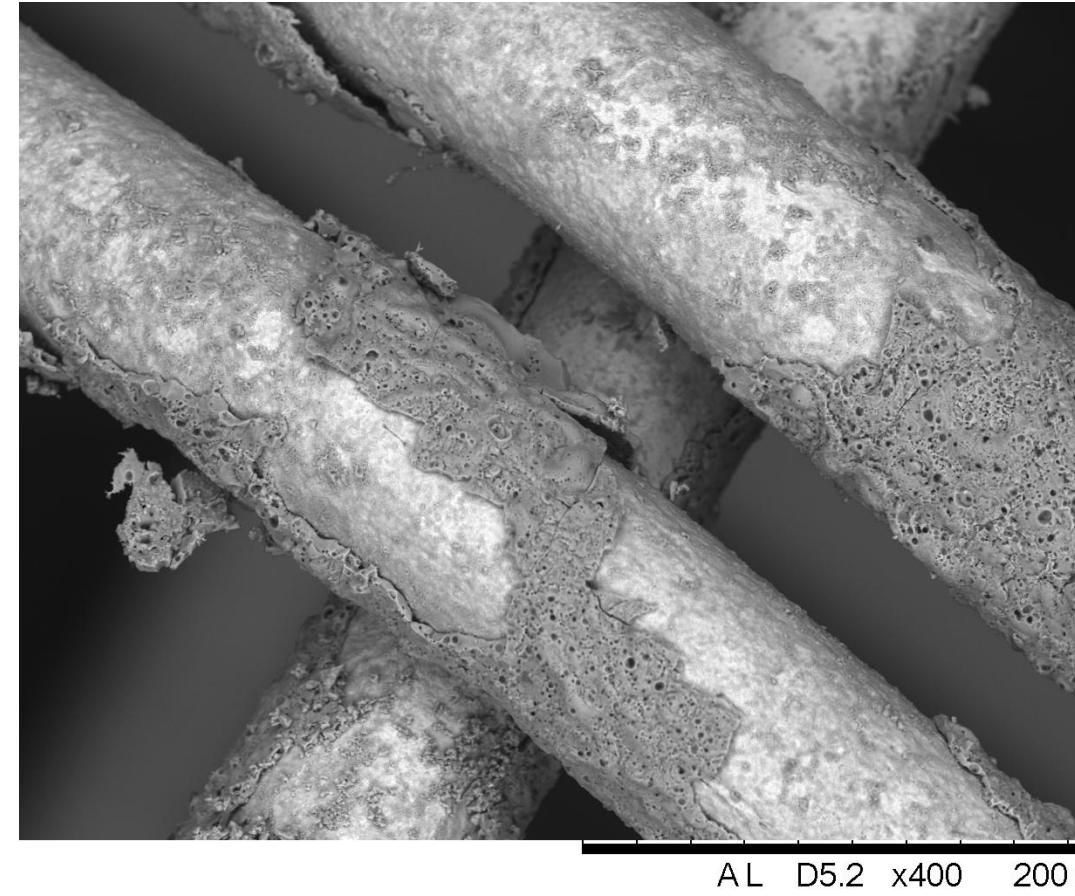
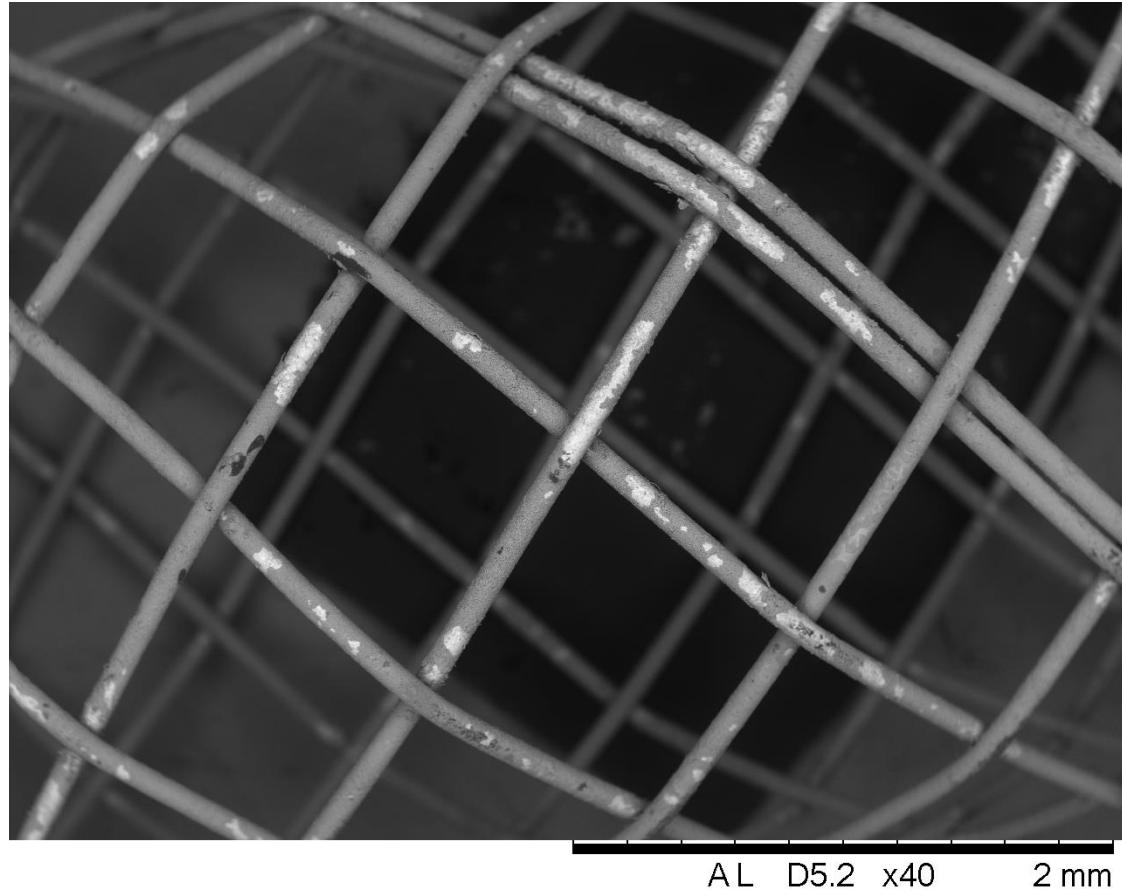
Silesian University
of Technology

Hybrid biodegradable coating for one-wire peripheral nitinol stent for prevention of restenosis
and plaque formation „Hybbistent”



NiTi ANODIZATION

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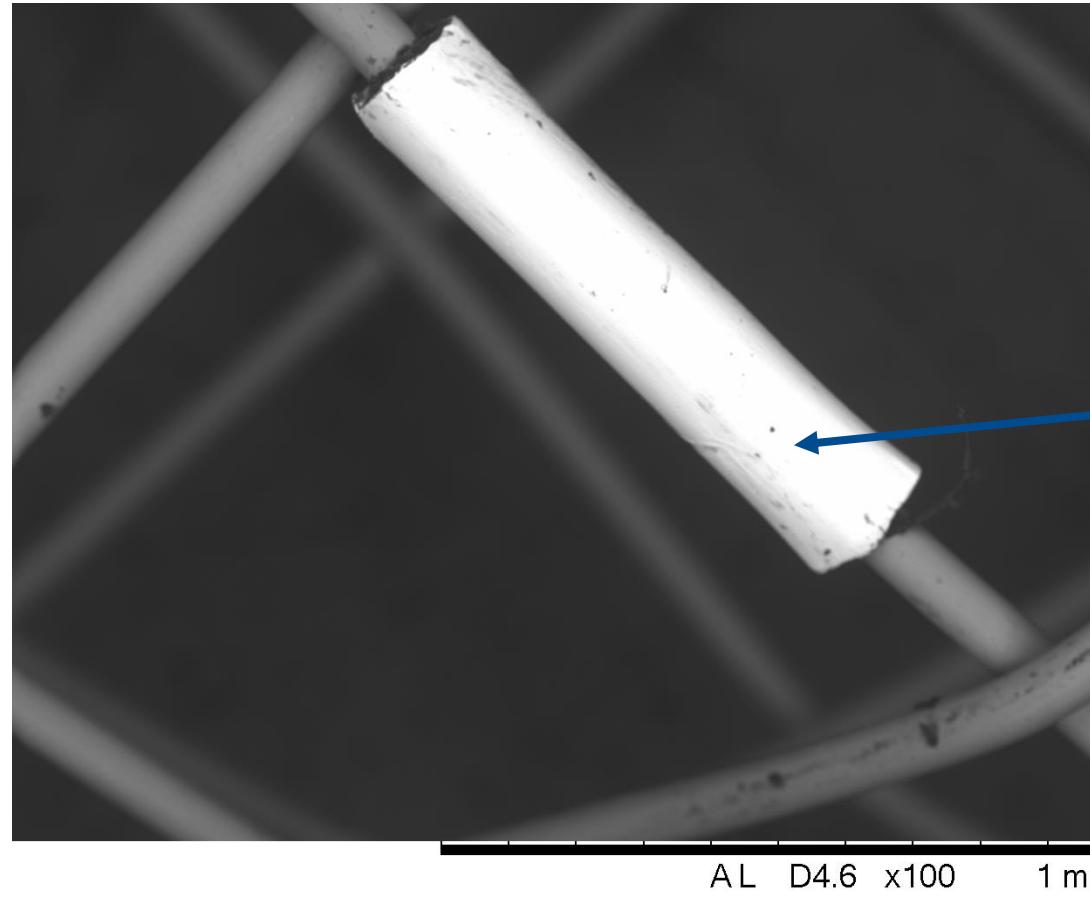
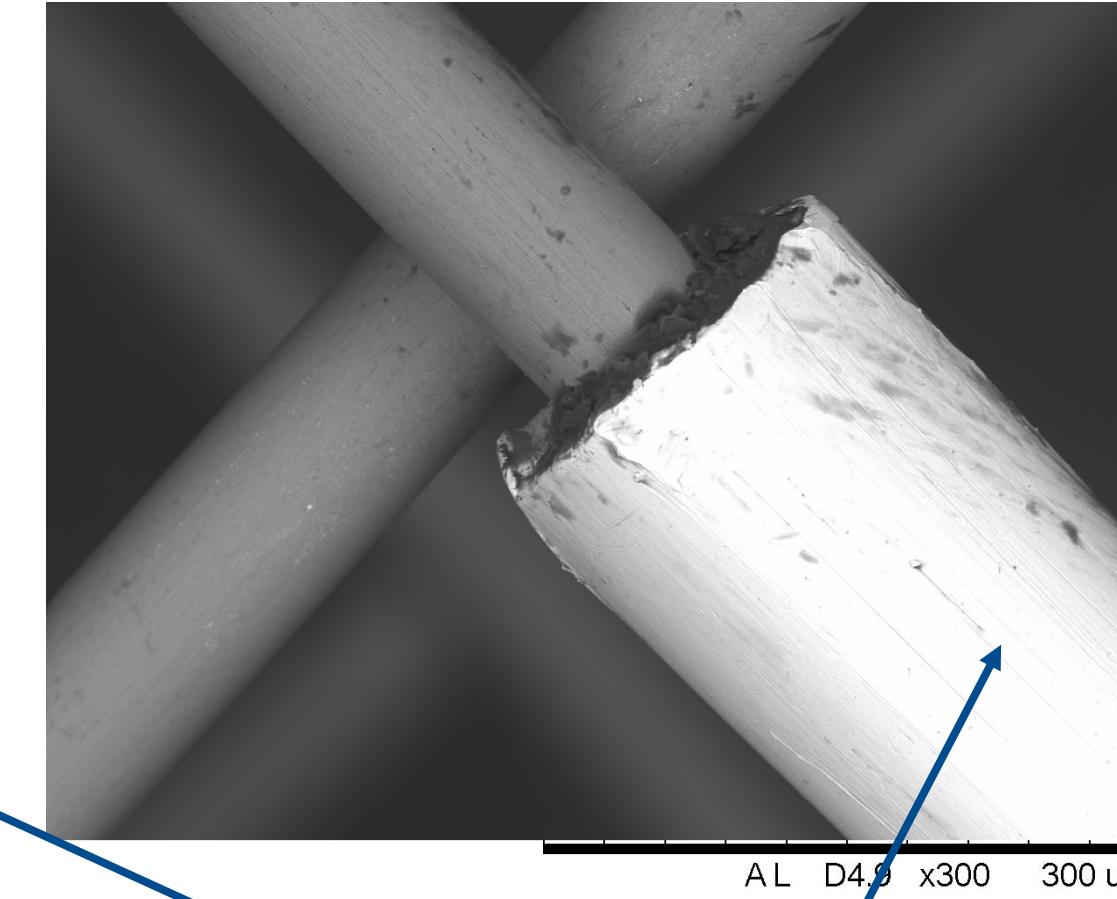
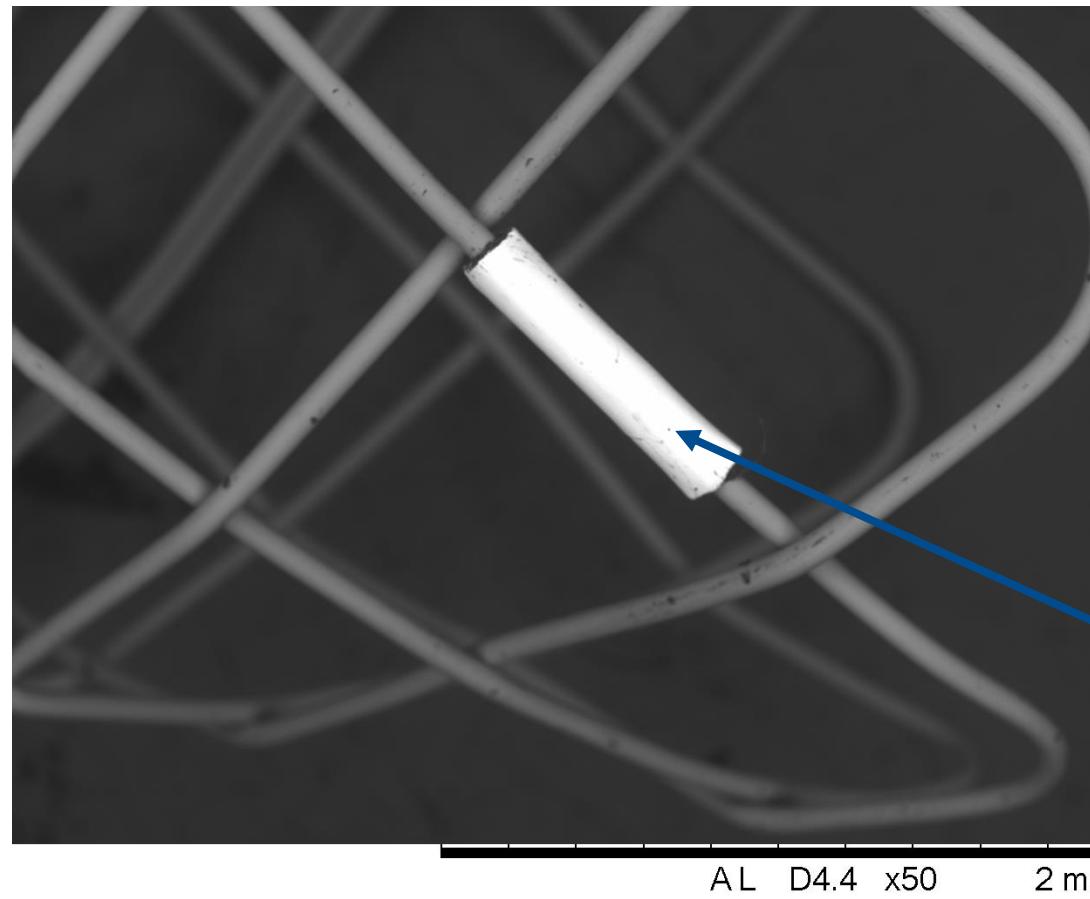


SEM images of stent after PEO
and deformation

FAILED ☹

NiTi ANODIZATION

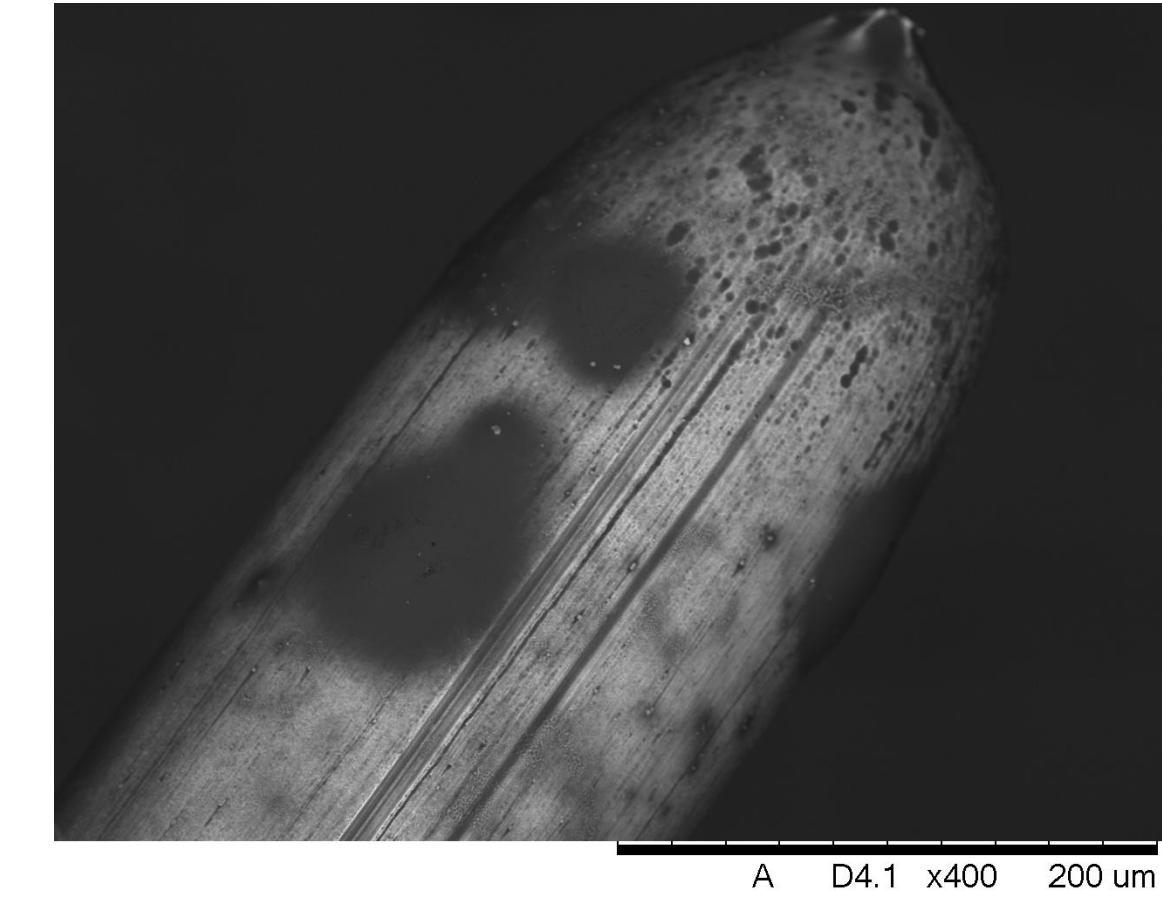
12



SEM images of Pt marker

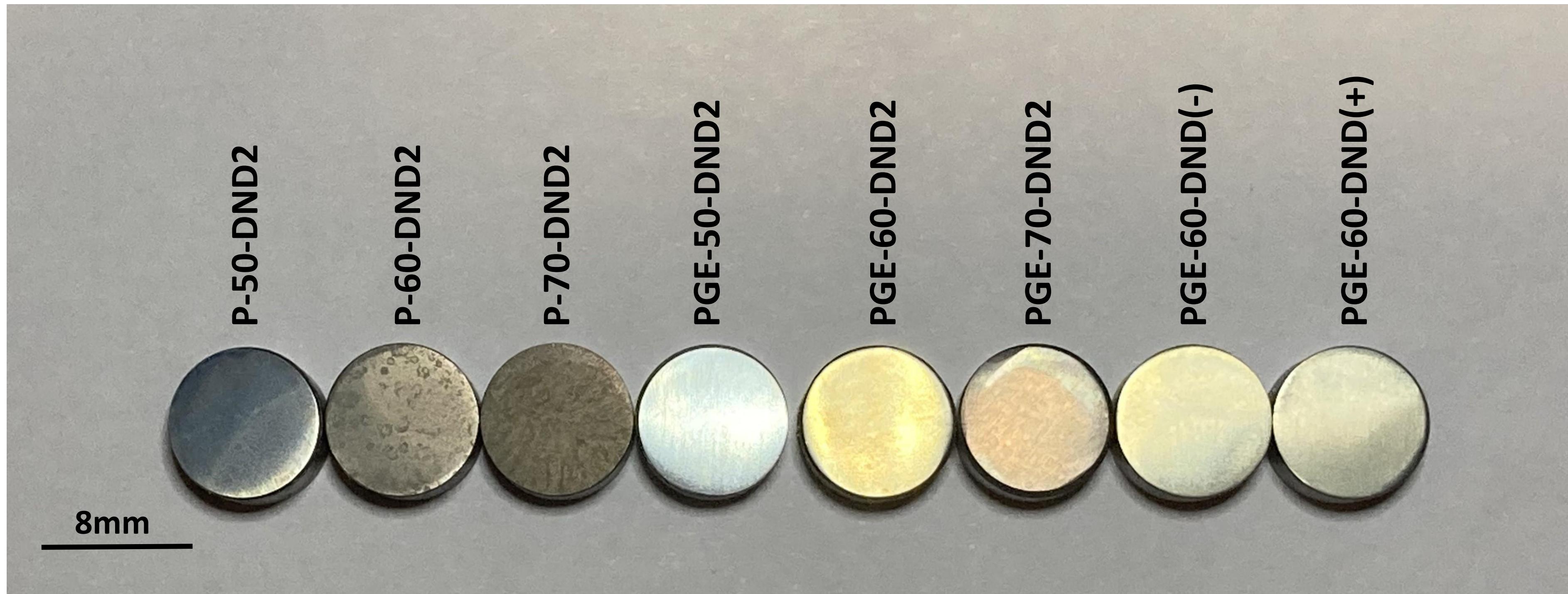
Pt = O₂ evolution or electrolyte degradation

SEM images of stent after PEO



NiT PEO PROCESS-NANODIAMONDS

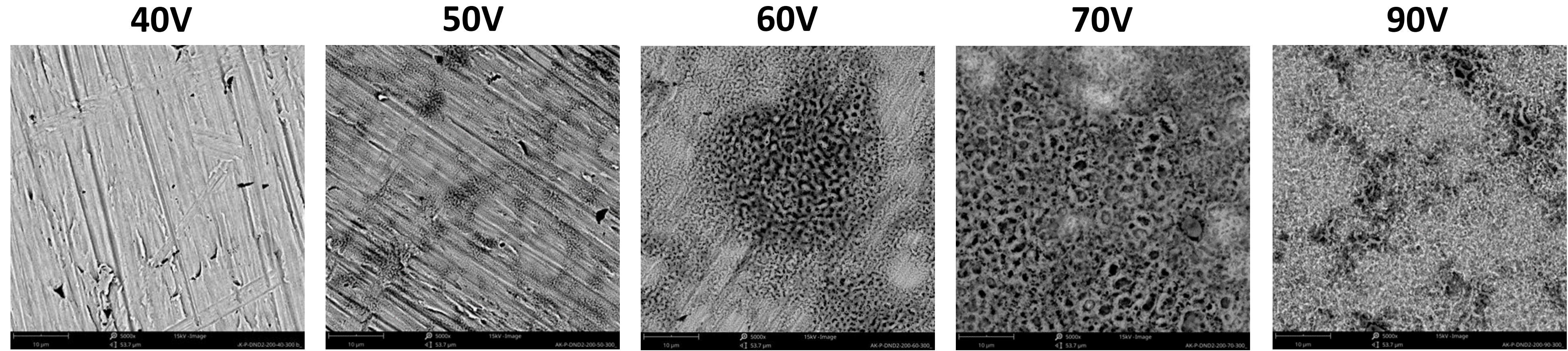
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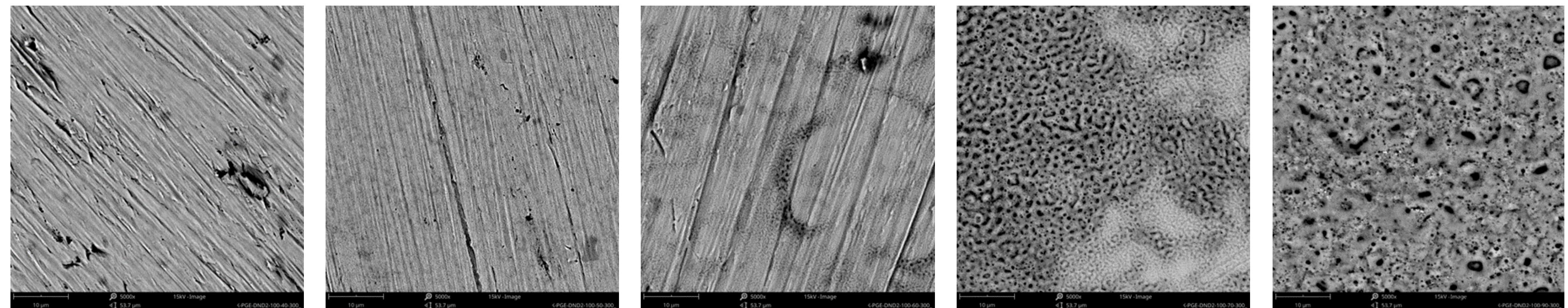
NiT PEO PROCESS-NANODIAMONDS

14

P-DND2-200

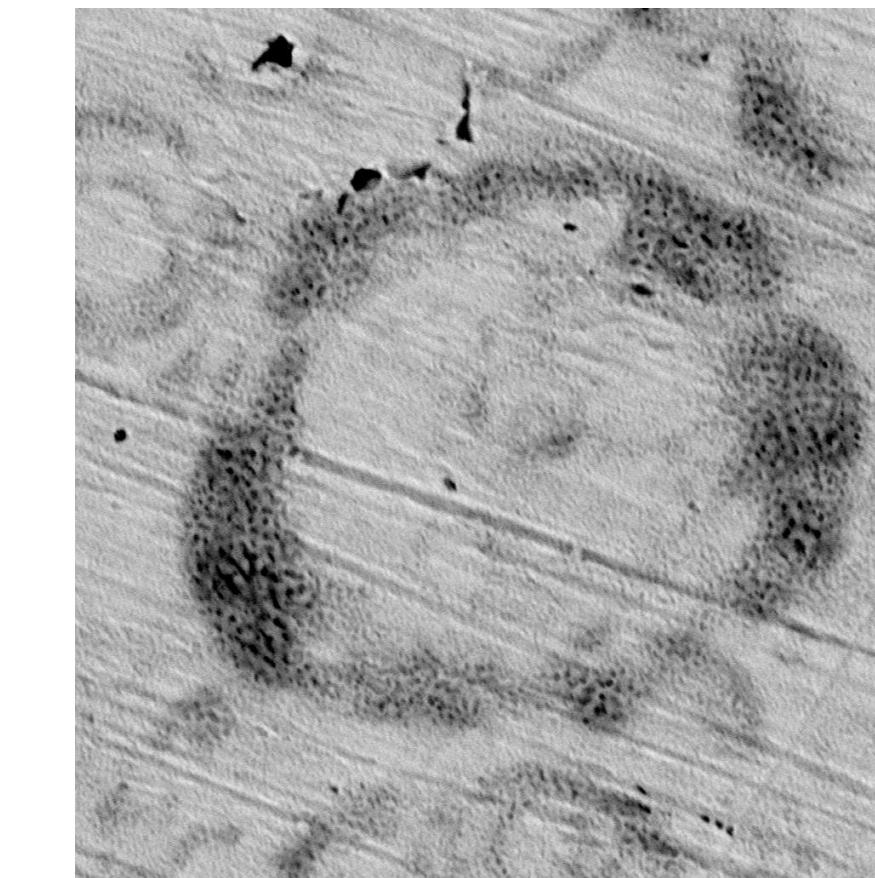
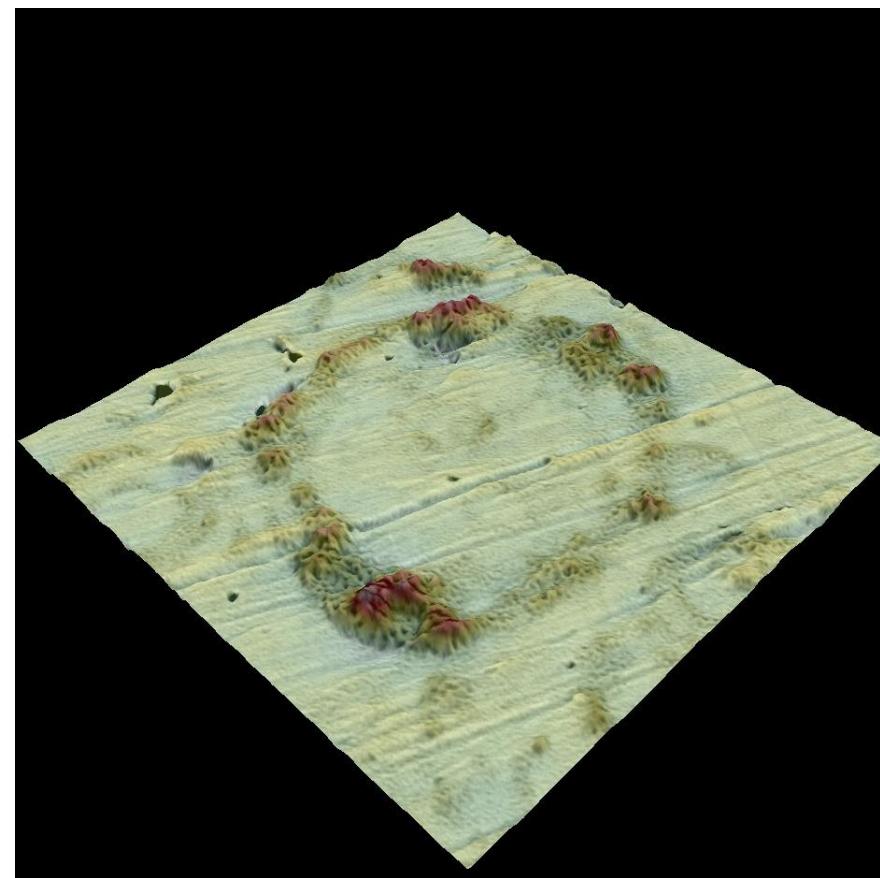


PGE-DND2-100

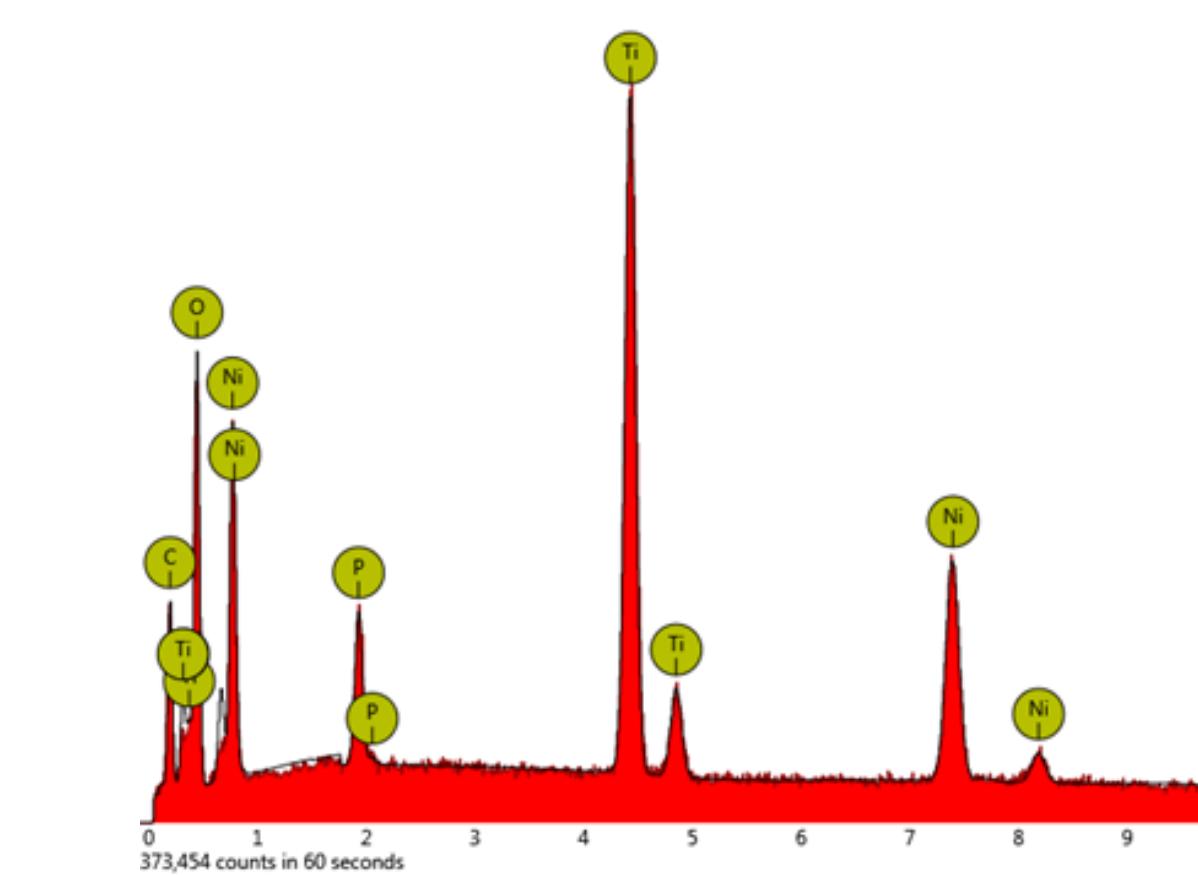
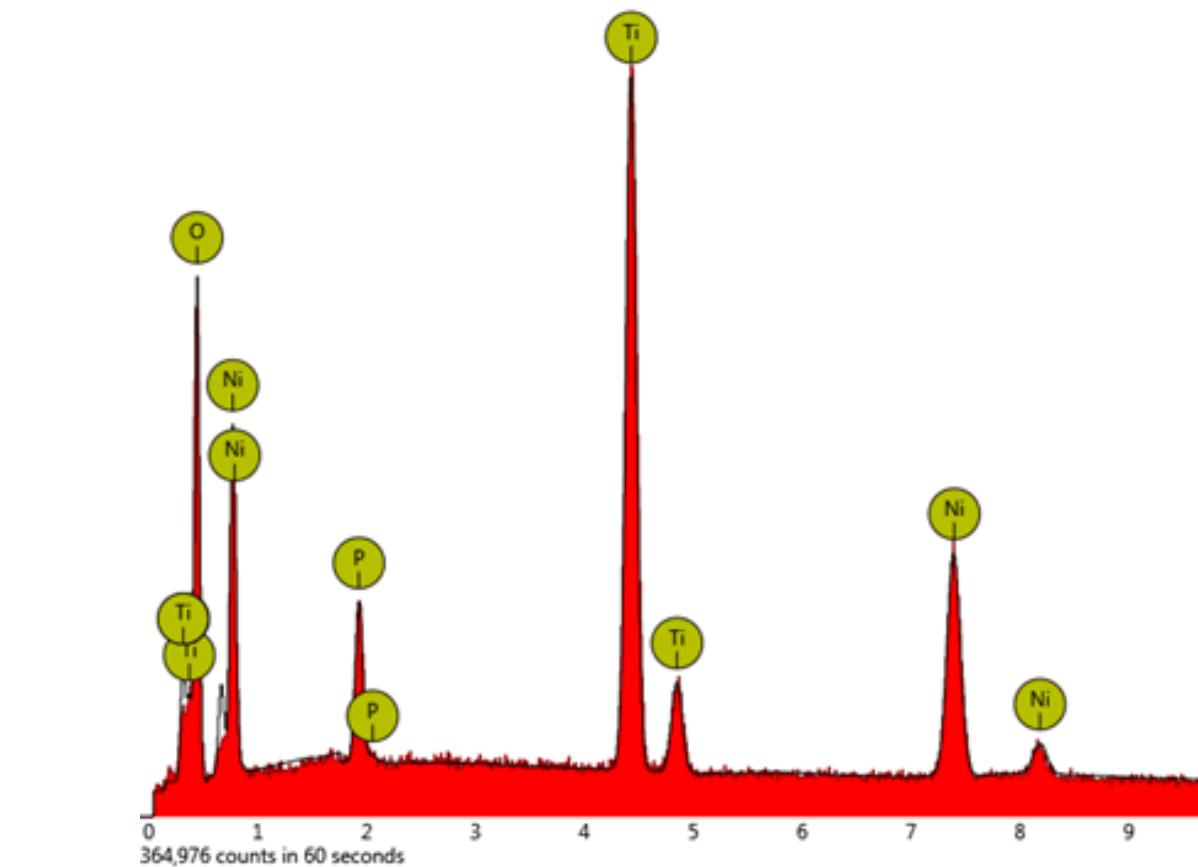
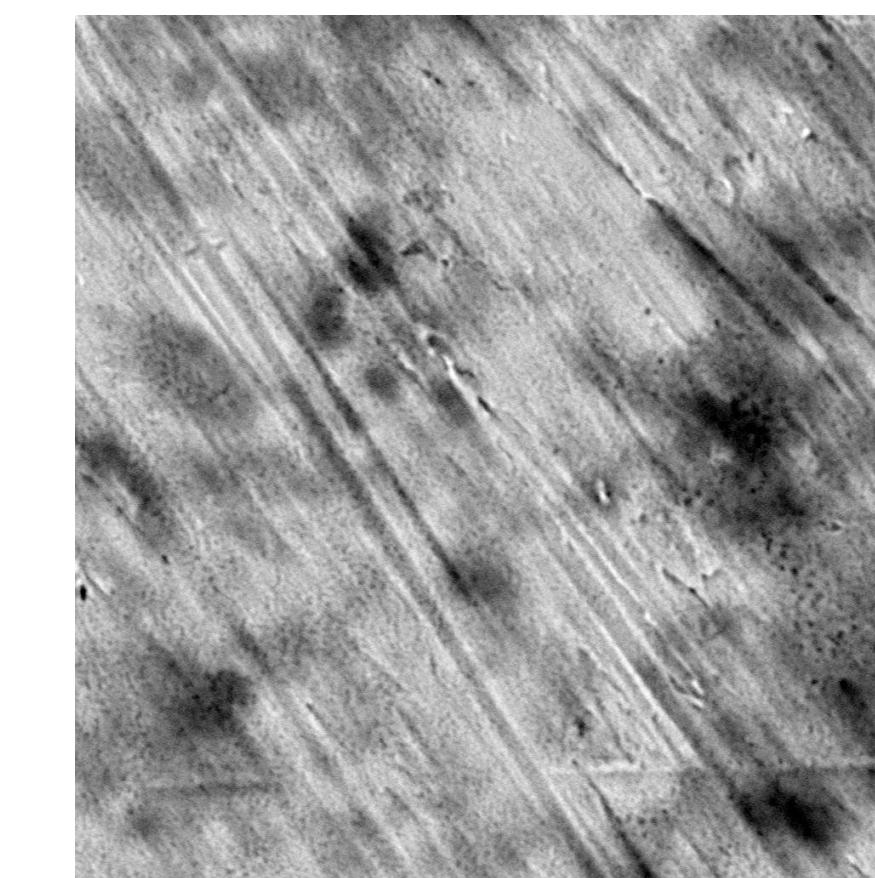
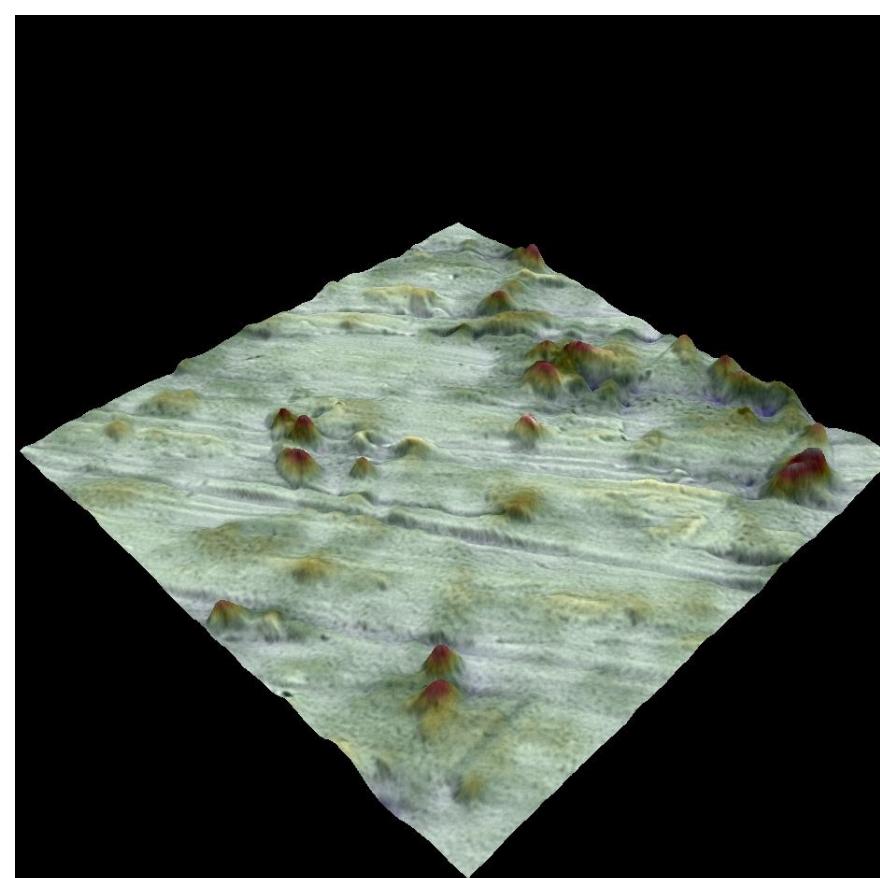


NiTi PEO PROCESS-NANODIAMONDS

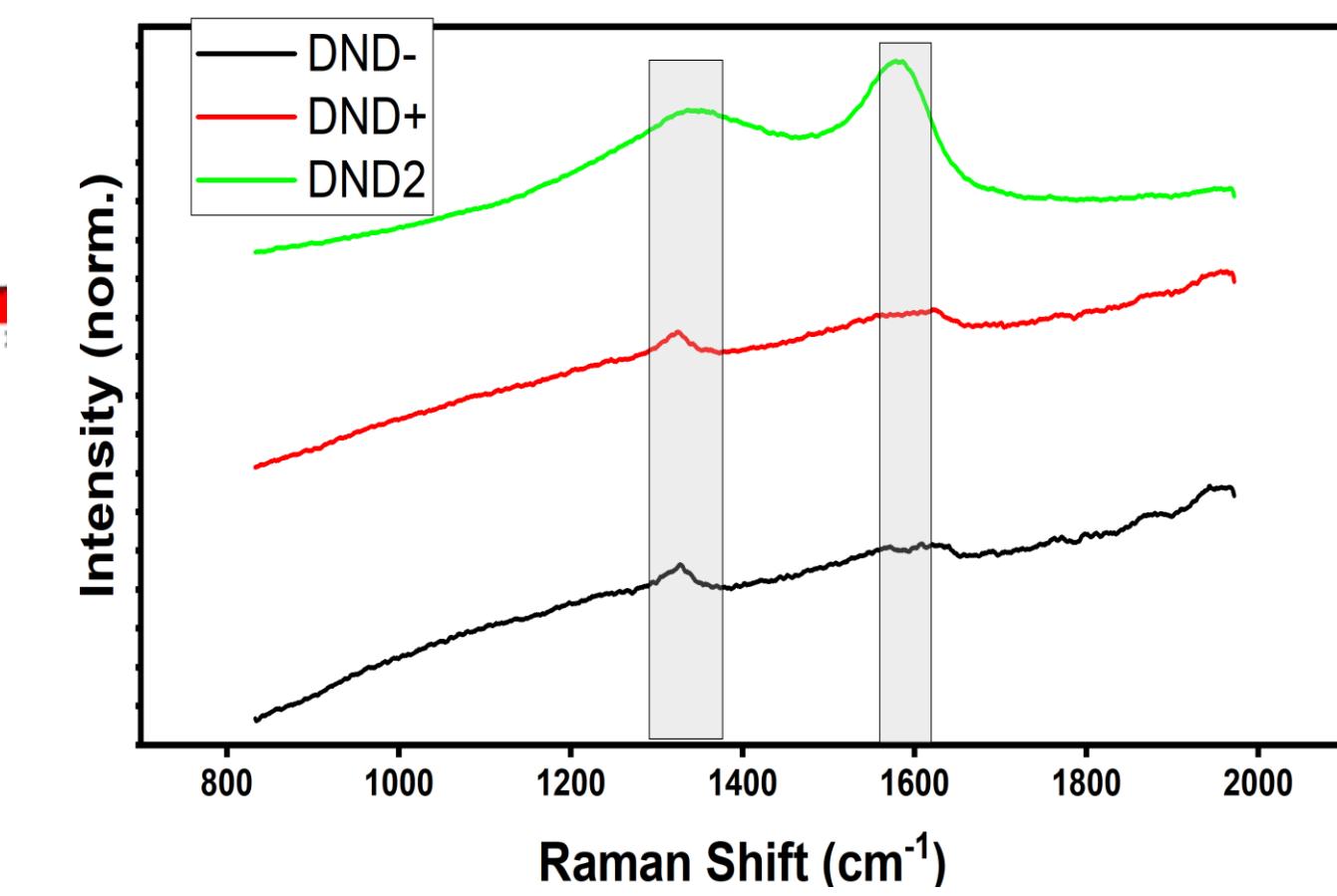
AK-PGE-DND(-) 200-60-300



AK-PGE-DND(+) 200-60-300



Nanodiamonds



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Hybrid biodegradable coating for one-wire peripheral nitinol stent for prevention of restenosis
and plaque formation „Hybbistent”



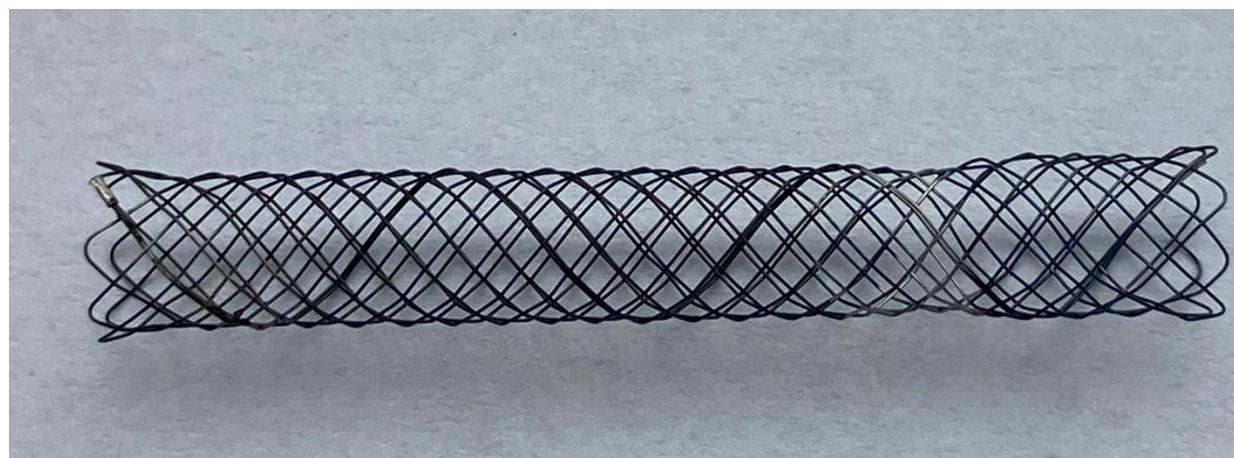
M-era.Net

NiT PEO PROCESS-NANODIAMONDS

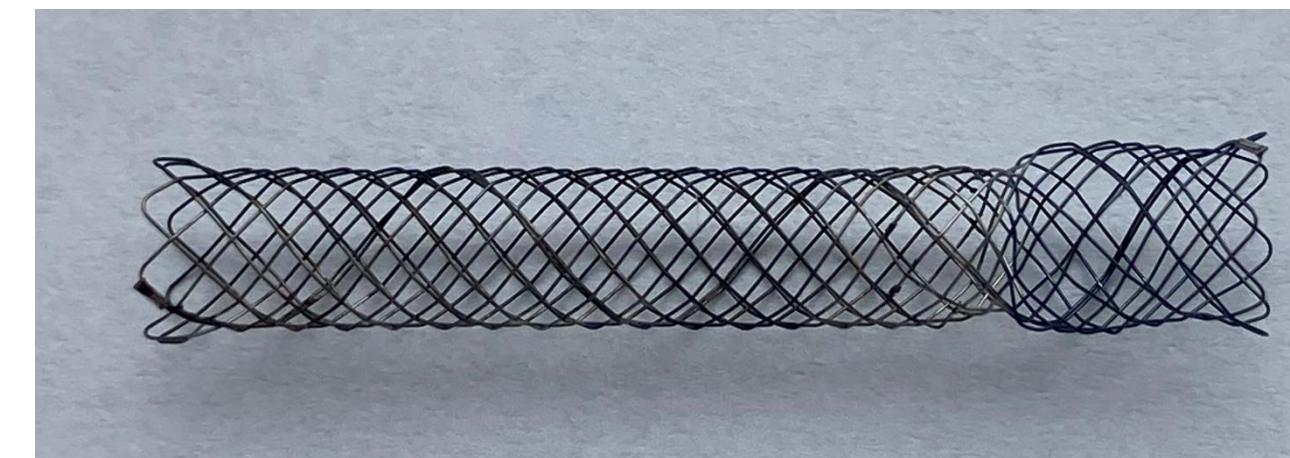
16



Sample holder



PGE-DND(+)-200-50V-
0,25A(2min)-1,25A(10s)



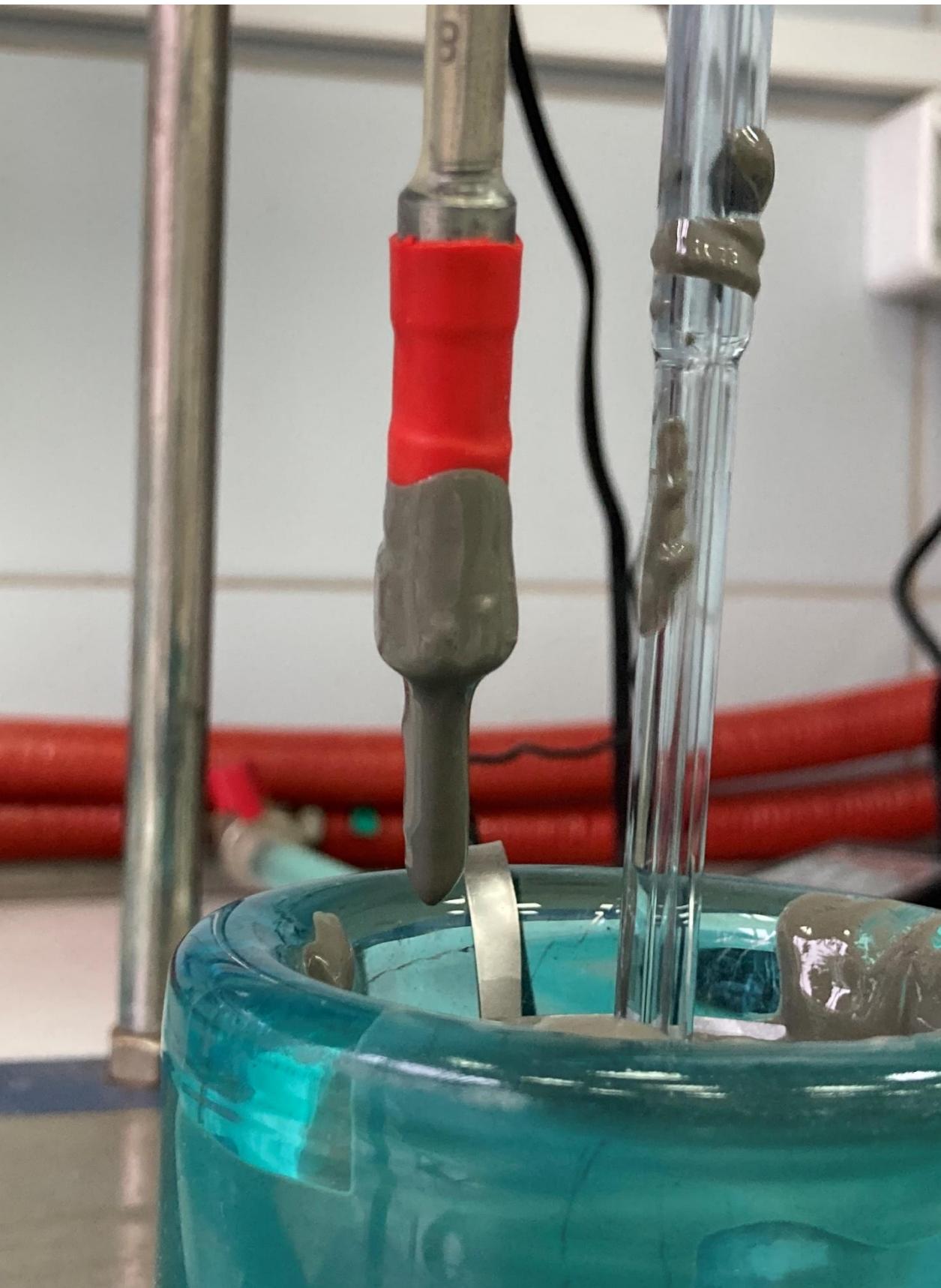
PGE-DND(+)-200-60V-
0,25A(2min)-1,25A(10s)



NiTi PEO PROCESS-NANODIAMONDS

FAILED ☹

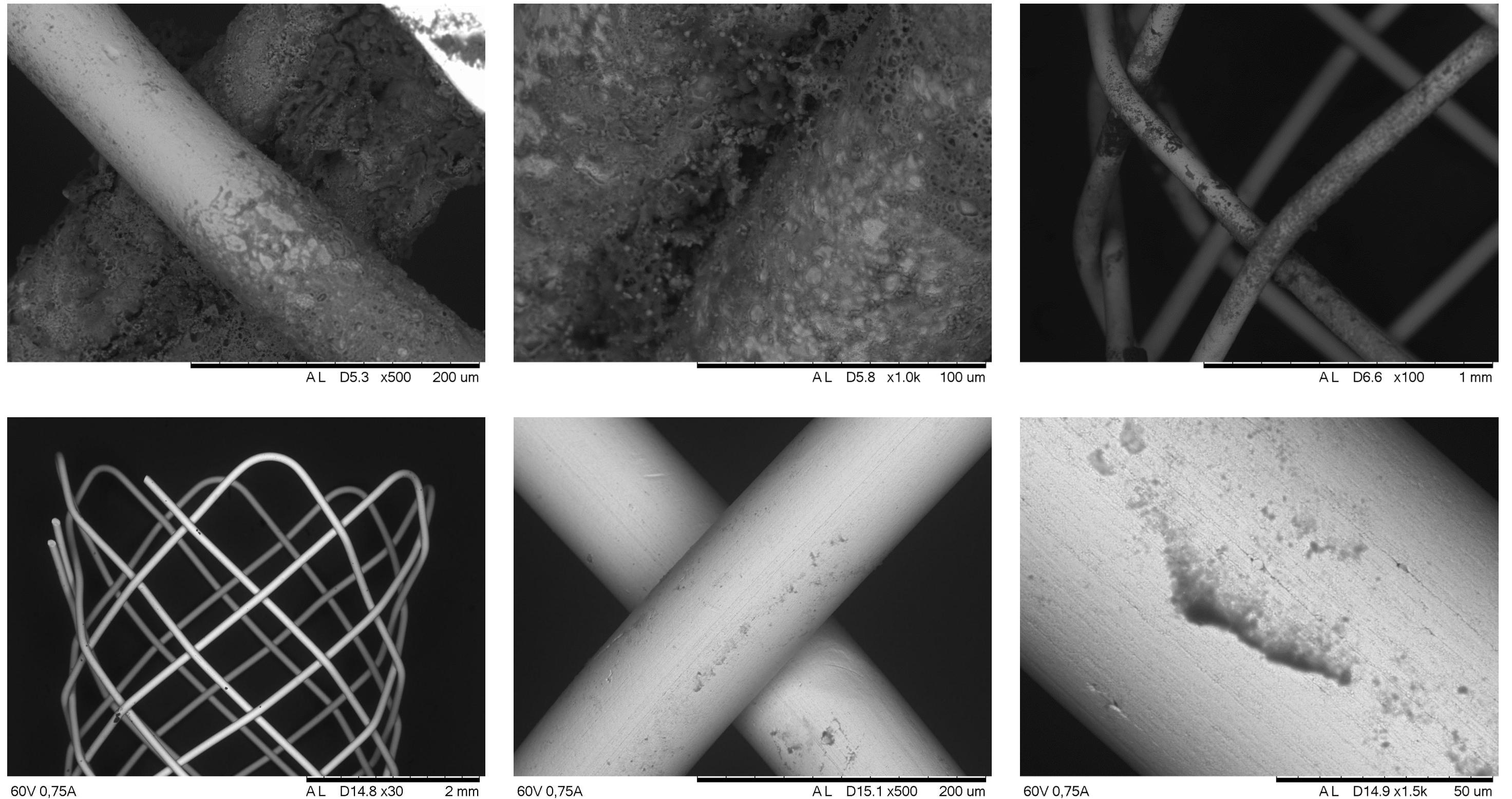
17



NiT PEO PROCESS-NANODIAMONDS

FAILED ☹

18

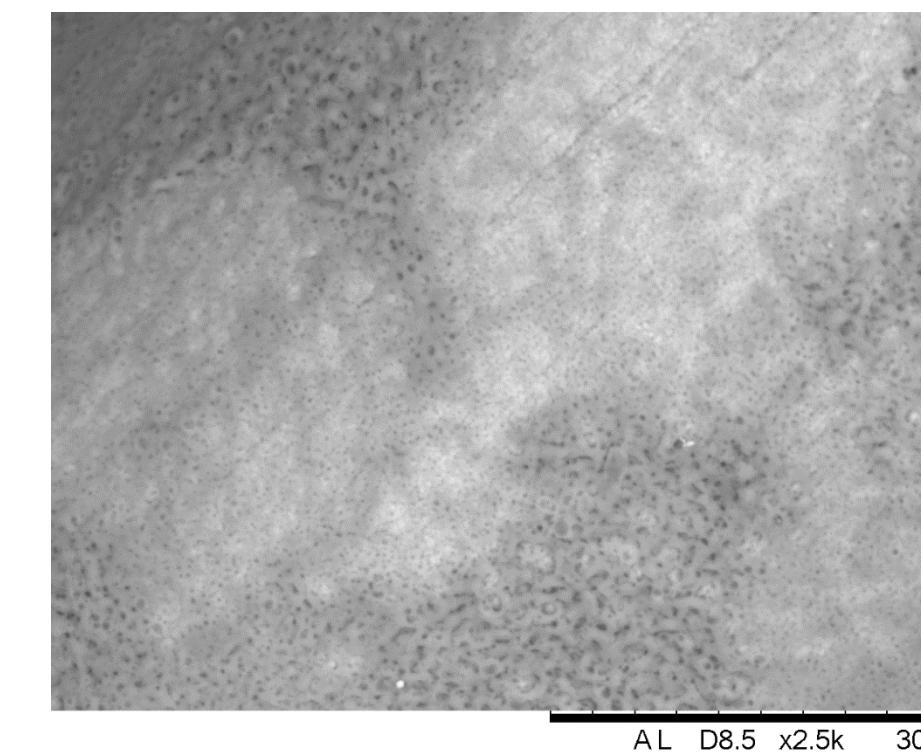
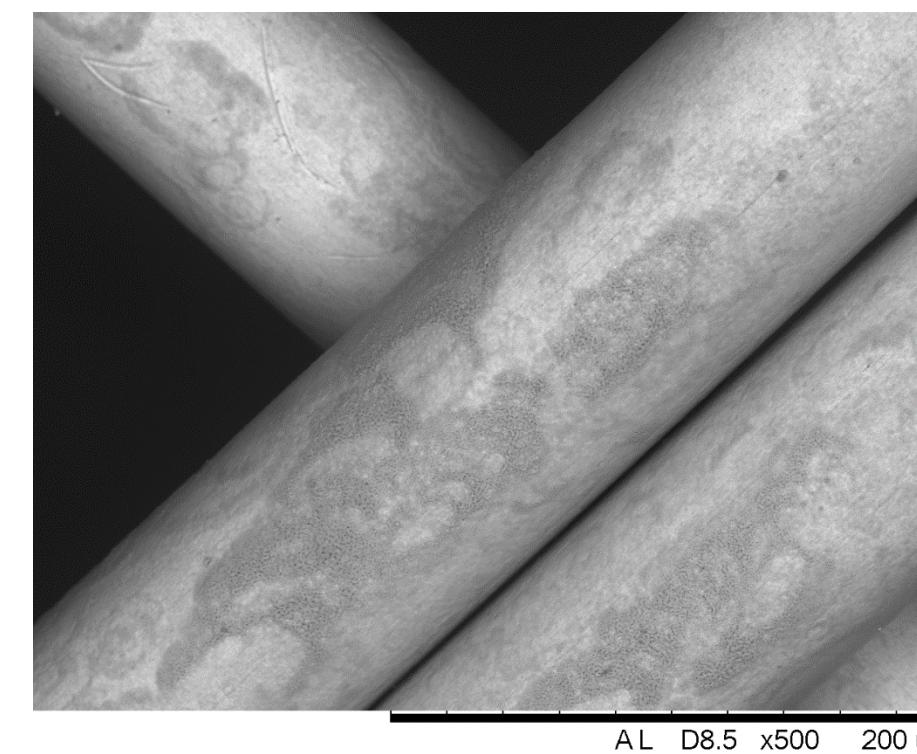
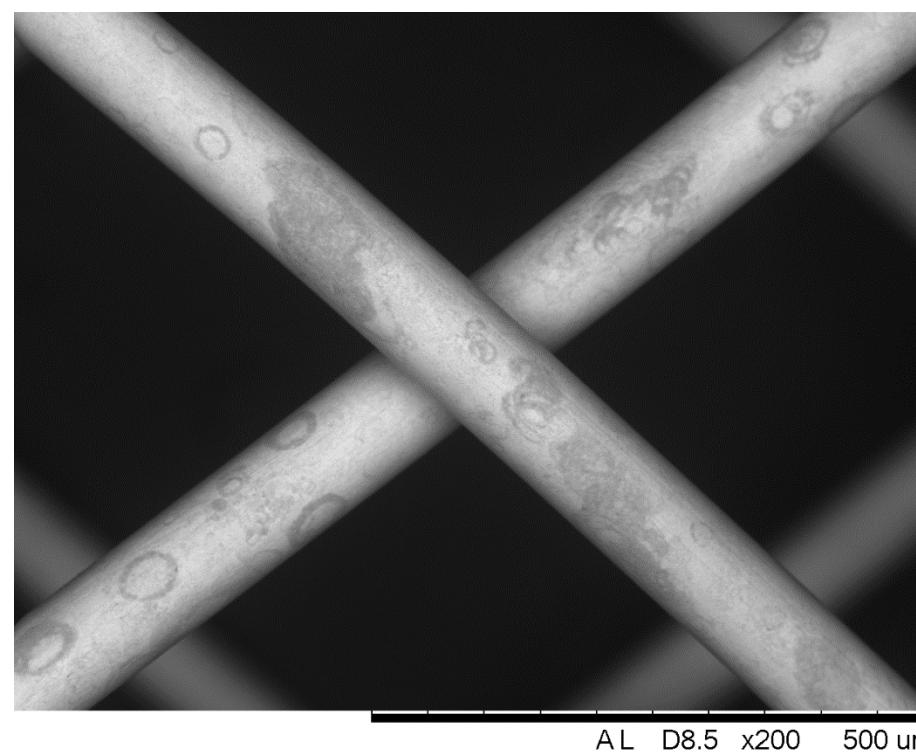


PGE-DND(+)-200-60V-
(0.25-2min-1.25-10s)

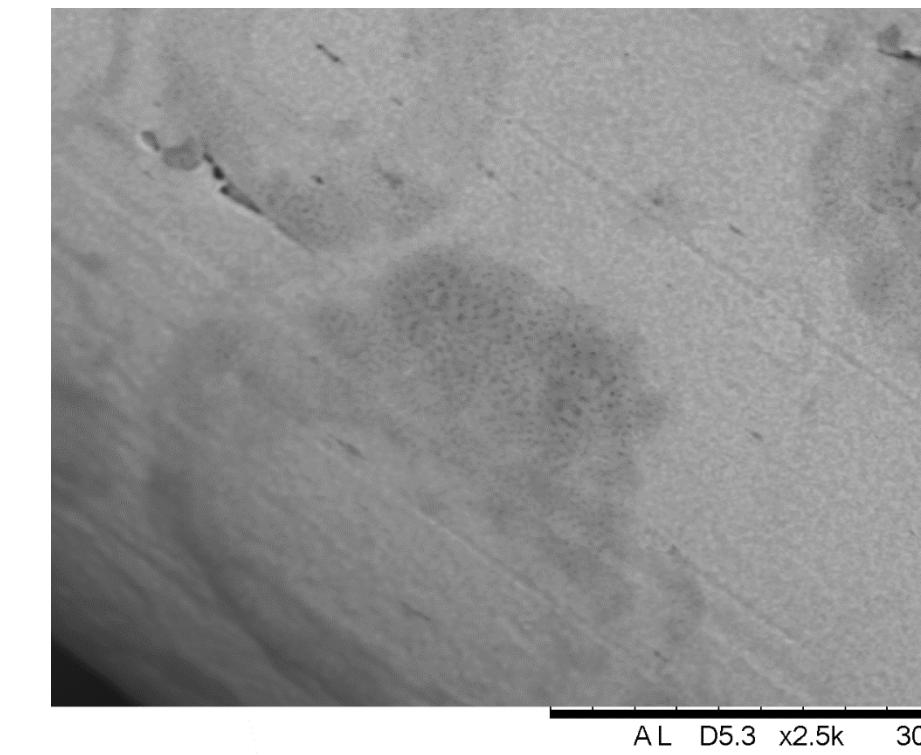
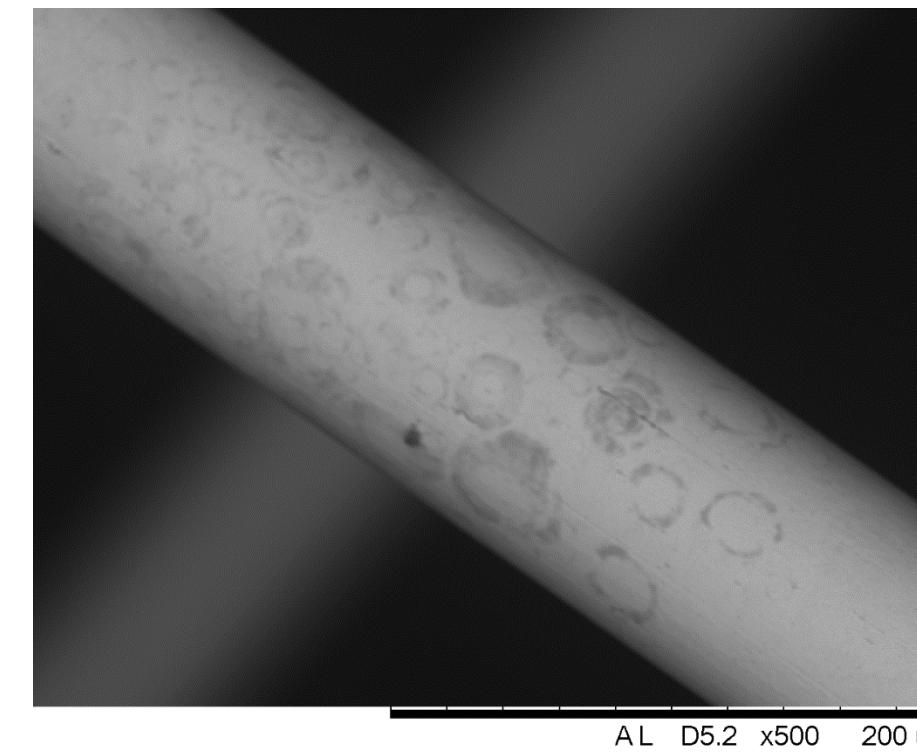
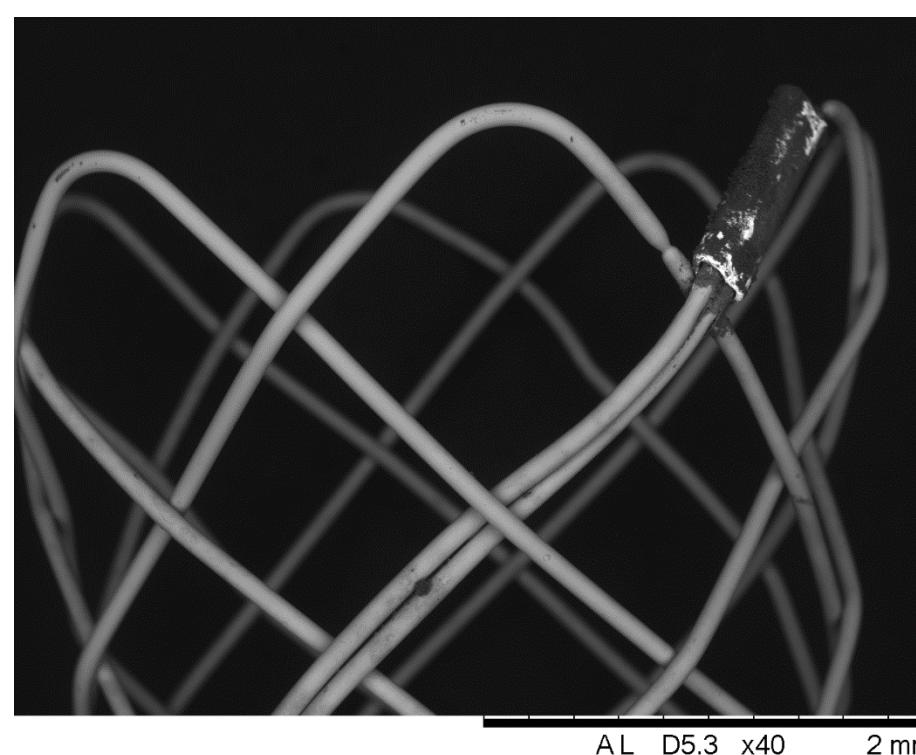
PGE-DND2-200-60V-
075A-5min

NiT PEO PROCESS-NANODIAMONDS

SUCCESS ???



P-DND2-200-60V-
(0.25-2min-1.25-10s)

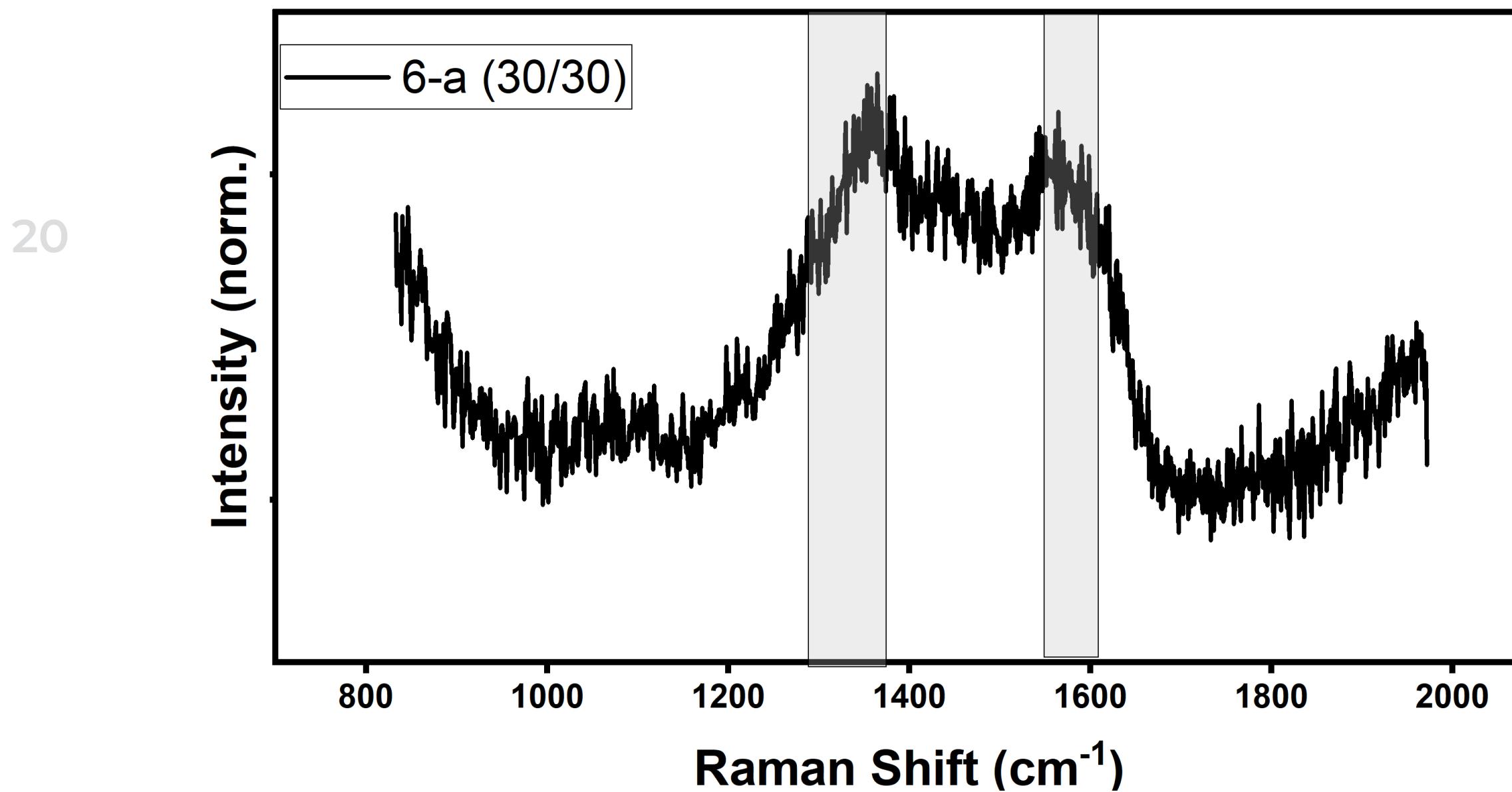


PGE-DND(-)-200-60V-
(0.25A-2min-1.25A-10s)

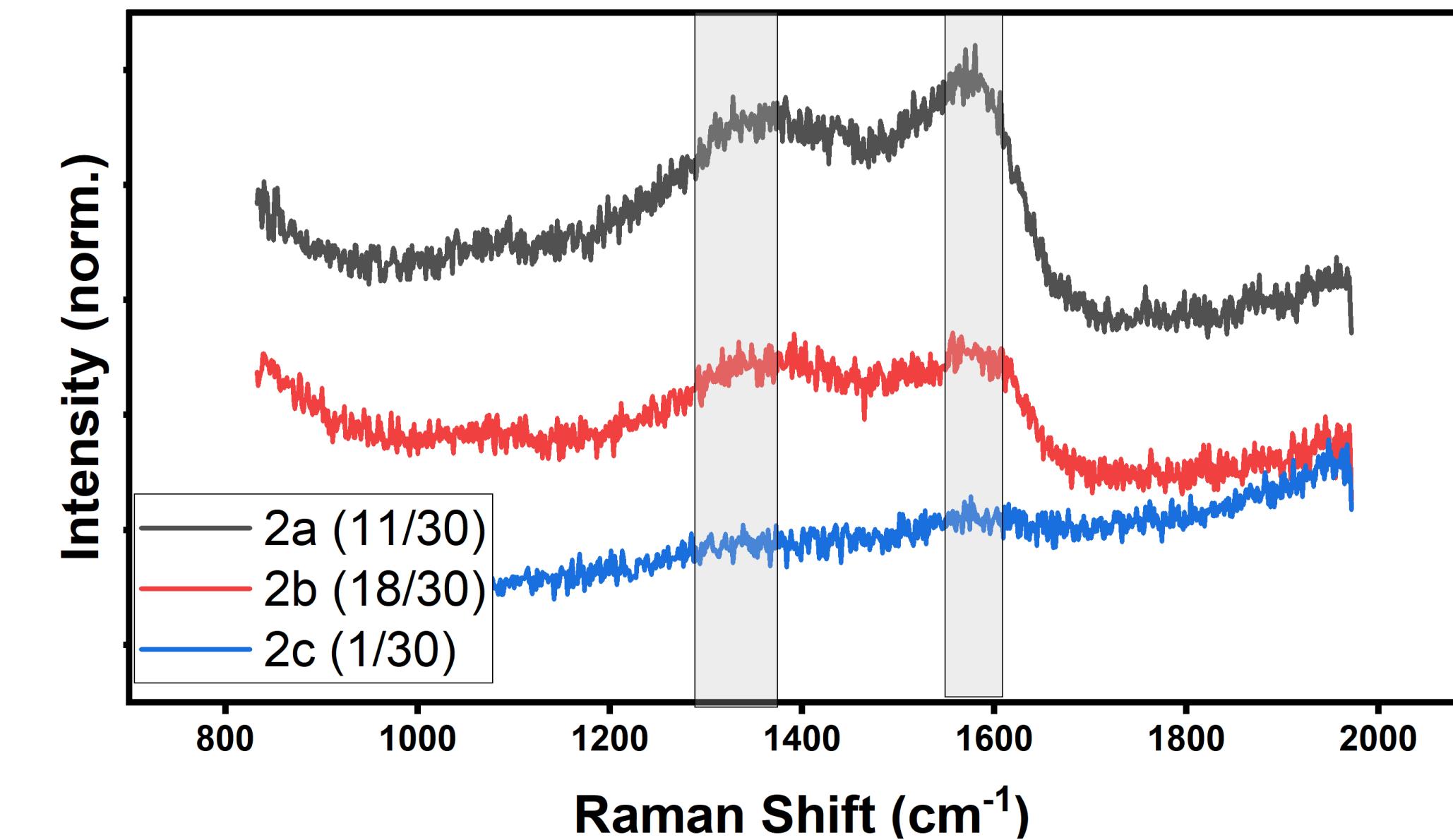
NiT PEO PROCESS-NANODIAMONDS

SUCCESS 😊

PGE DND2-200-60 0.25 A - 2 min, 1.25 A - 10 s

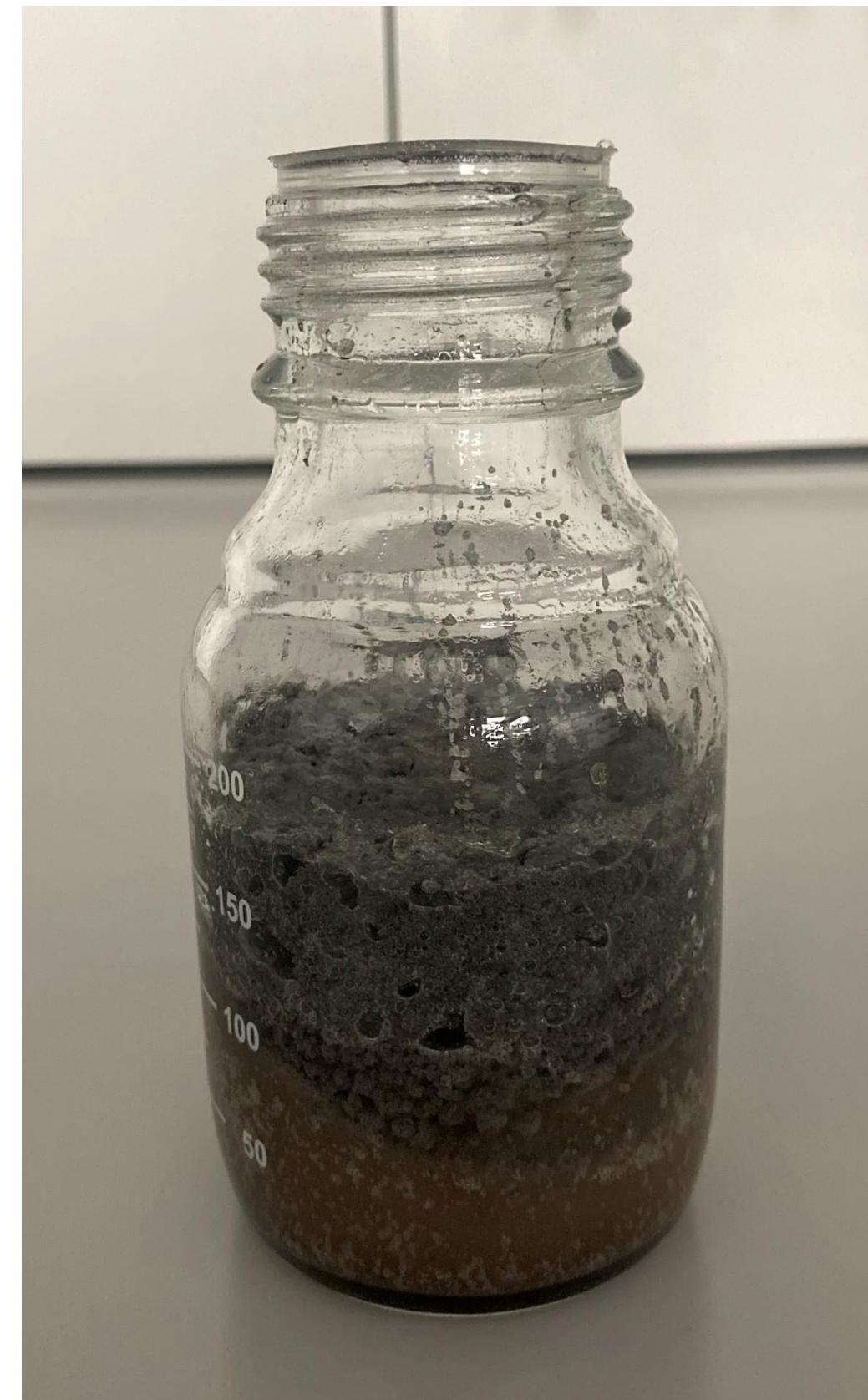


PGE DND2-200-50 0.25 A - 2 min, 1.45A - 10s



NiT Ti PEO PROCESS- Fe@C

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AK-P-Fe-50-(40-70)-200-5min



AK-P-Fe-50-(40-70)-300-5min



AK-PGE-Fe-100-(40-70)-200-5min

CONTACT

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